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## THE

## TEMPLE SHAKESPEARE



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Let me not to the ri:arriage of true minds Admit impediments. Love is not love Which alters when it alteration finds, Or bends with the remover to remove ; O, no! it is an ever-fixed mark,
That looks on tempests and is never shaken;
It is the star to every wandering bark, Whose worth's unknown, although his height be taken.
Love's not Time's fool, though rosy lips and cheeks
Within his bending sickle's compass come ;
Love alters not with his brief hours and weeks, But bears it out even to the edge of doom.

If this be error and upon me proved, I never writ, nor no man ever loved.

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"Who cannot recall lovely summer nights when the forces of nature seem ripe for development and yet sunk in drowsy languor-intense heat mingled with exuberant vigour, fervid force, and silent freshness? The nightingale's song comes from the depths of the grove. The flower-cups are half closed. A pale lustre illumines the foliage of the forest and the outline of the hills. This profound repose conceals, we feel, a fertile force; beneath the retiring melancholy of nature lies hidden burning emotion. Beneath the pallor and coolness of night we divine restrained ardours; each flower brooding in silence is longing to bloom forth. Such is the peculiar atmosphere with which Shakespeare bas enveloped one of his most wonderful creations, Romeo and Juliet. Not only the story upon which the drama is founded, but the very form of the language comes from the South. Italy was the inventor of the tale; it breathes the very spirit of her national records, her old family feuds, the amorous and bloody intrigues which fill her annals. . . . Juliet, too, is wholly Italian; with small gift of forethought, and absolutely ingenuous in her abandon, she is at once passionate and pure."

Philarète Chasles.

## Romeo and Juliet

Although several earlier Italian stories exist recalling that of Romeo and Julict, these names of the lovers are not found in Italian iterature till about 1530, when their history, "historia novellamente etrovata di duo nobili amanti," was first told by Luigi da Porto, who, love-sick soldier, once heard the story from his favourite archer, the Veronese Peregrino, as they rode along the lonely road from Gradisca and Udine, in the country of Friuli. Peregrino's story was in all probability based on an old tale found among the Novelle of Masuccio Salernitano, printed at Naples in 1476. Da ?orto's novel became very popular, and several renderings were nade of the story.* Most important is that of Bandello (1554), which was translated into French by Boisteau, and included in is famous Histoires Tragiques (1559), whence were derived two English versions:-(i.) Arthur Brooke's poem (1562), and (ii.) ?aynter's novel ( 1567 ), included in the "Palace of Pleasure."

The Poem and the Play. Shakespeare probably conulted both these versions of the story, but Brooke's poem was is main source. He followed it closely; here and there the lay betrays a slight influence upon its diction; conceits and ntitheses in the poem may occasionally be paralleled from the slay. The plot of the two versions is substantially the same, $\dagger$

* In 1553 Gabriel Giolito published in Venice a poem on the subject ; its uthor was probably Gherardo Boldiero. Ten years previously (1542) ddrian Sevin, the translator of Boccaccio's Philocopo, gave the story in irench, though the names of the lovers became strangely changed in his ersion. (The sources are discussed in Simrock's Quellen, Furness' Tariorum Edition, etc.; specially valuable is Daniel's Originals and inalogues, Part I. New Shak. Soc.).
$\dagger$ In the versions of Da Porto and Bandello, and in Garrick's acting verion of Shakespeare's play, Juliet wakes from her sleep while Romeo still ix
but Shakespeare shows his dramatic skill in dealing with the materials-e.g. (i) he compresses the action, which in the story occupies forr or five months, into as many days; (ii) he recreates the character of Mercutio, who in the poem is a mere "courtier bold among the bashful maydes;" (iii) he makes Paris die at the grave of Juliet by the hand of Romeo; in the poem nothing is heard of the Count after his disappointment.

But though in subject Shakespeare follows Brooke, it need hardly be said that in its spirit-in its transfiguration of the story-the play altogether transcends the poem; a greater effort than Brooke's wearisome production * would pale its uneffectual fire before the glowing warmth of this Song of Songs of Romantic Passion.

Early Plays on "Romeo and Juliet." In his "address to the Reader," Brooke speaks of having seen " the same argument lately set forth on stage with more commendation than I can look for." No trace has been discovered of the drama alluded to ; it is difficult to imagine a popular Romantic play belonging to this early date (c. 1562), and no doubt Brooke was referring to some such Academic production as "Tancred and
lives; Shakespeare follows Brooke and Paynter in the catastrophe of the play. On the other hand, Shakespeare makes Juliet two years younger than she is in Brooke's poem.

* A short specimen will perhaps interest the reader:-
"At last with trembling voice and shamefust cheer the maid Unto her Romeus turned herself, and thus to him she saia:$O$ blessed be the time of thy arrival here: But ere she could speak forth the rest, to her iove drew so near; And so within her mouth her tongue he glezved fast That no one word could scape her more, than what already past."


## Romeo and Juliet

Gismunda"; possibly the play in question was an exercise in Latin* verse, acted in a College Hall or at the Inns of Court.

The earliest extant play on the subject of Romeo and Juliet is La Hadriana, by the blind poet and actor, Luigi Groto ; its date is 1578. There are some few striking resemblances with Shakespeare's play; the most noteworthy being the parting of the two lovers. $\dagger$

Shakespeare's great contemporary, the Spanish dramatist, Lope de Vega, used the same subject for one of his bright and graceful "cloak and sword comedies," under the title of "Castelvines y Monteses." Again, Lope's successor, Francisco de Rojas y Zorrilla, was drawn to the theme, and founded upon it his " Los Bandos de Verona." $\ddagger$

As early as 1626, if not earlier, a version of Shakespeare's play was known in Germany (v. Cohn's "Shakespeare in Germany in the

* There exist indeed anong the Sloane MSS, the fragments of a Latin version of the story, evidently the exercise of a Cambridge student, but the MS. belongs, I think, to the beginning of the 17 th century. It is nevertheless an interesting curiosity.
$\dagger$ J. C. Walker, in his "Histovical Memoir on Italian Tragedy," first called attention to the play from this point of view, and translated the passages in question ; e.g.

Latino. If I err not, the lamp of day is nigh. List to the nightingale, that wakes with us, With us laments mid thorns; and now the dew, Like our tears, pearls the grass. Ah muc, alas, Turn towards the east thy face, etc.
Groto's play was certainly known in England; there is an annotated copy among the dramatist Ruggles' books at Clare College.
$\ddagger$ F. W. Cosens published a translation of both plays in a privately printed edition. A full summary of Lope's drama is to be found in Furness "Variorun" Romeo aud Juliet.

XVIth and XVIIth centuries"). On the many English acting perversions of the tragedy, it is unnecessary to comment.

Duration of Action. Shakespeare's compression of the story has already been referred to; four or five days cover the whole action of the play, the rapidity of events effectively harmonising with the "local colour," with the violent love and violent hate of the impulsive South, "t too like the lightning."

The lovers meet on Sunday; they are wedded on Monday; they part at dawn on Tuesday; they are re-united in death on the night of Thursday.
"(1) Inric Tove, balf angel and balf bird, zind all a wonder and a wild Desire!"

## THE TRAGEDY OF ROMEO AND JULIET:

## DRAMATIS PERSONAE.

Escalus, prince of Verona.
Paris, a young nobleman, kinsman to the prince.
Montague,
Capulet, heads of two houses at variance with each other
An old man, of the Capulet family,
Romeo, son to Kontague.
Mercutio, kinsman to the prince, and friend to Romeo.
Benvolio, nephew to Montague, and friend to Romeo.
Tybalt, nephezv to Lady Capulet.
Friar Laurence, a Franciscan.
Friar John, of the same order.
Balthasar, servant to Romeo.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Sampson, } \\ \text { Gregory, }\end{array}\right\}$ servants to Capulet.
Peter, servant to Juliet's nurse.
Abraham, servant to Montague.
An Apothecary.
Three Musicians.
Page to Paris; another Page : an Officer.
Lady Montague, wife to Montague.
Lady Capulet, zuife to Capulet.
Juliet, daughter to Capulet.
Nurse to Juliet.
Citizens of Verona ; kinsfolk of both houses ; Maskers, Guards, Watchmen, and Attendants.

Chorus.
Scene: Verona; Mantua.

# The Tragedy of $\underline{\text { Romeo and Juliet. }}$ 

## The Prologue.

## Enter Chorus.

Chor. Two households, both alike in dignity, In fair Verona, where we lay our scene, From ancient grudge break to new mutiny, Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean. From forth the fatal loins of these two foes A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life; Whose misadventured piteous overthrows Do with their death bury their parents' strife. The fearful passage of their death-mark'd love, And the continuance of their parents' rage, 10 Which, but their children's end, nought could remove,

Is now the two hours' traffic of our stage; The which if you with patient ears attend, What here shall miss, our toil shall strive to mend. ${ }^{28} a$

## Act First.

## Scene 1.

Verona. A public place.
Enter Sampson and Gregory, of the bouse of Capulet, with swords and bucklers.

Sam. Gregory, on my word, we 'll not carry coals.
Gre. No, for then we should be colliers.
Sam. I mean, an we be in choler, we'll draw.
Gre. Ay, while you live, draw your neck out o' the collar.
Sam. I strike quickly, being moved.
Gre. But thou art not quickly moved to strike.
Sam. A dog of the house of Montague moves me.
Gre. To move is to stir, and to be valiant is to stand : therefore, if thou art moved, thou runn'st away.
Sam. A dog of that house shall move me to stand: I will take the wall of any man or maid of Montague's.
Gre. That shows thee a weak slave; for the weakest goes to the wall.

Sam. 'Tis true; and therefore women, being the weaker vessels, are ever thrust to the wall : there- 20 fore I will push Montague's inen from the wall and thrust his maids to the wall.
Gre. The quarrel is between our masters and us their men.
Sam. 'Tis all one, I will show myself a tyrant: when I have fought with the men, I will be cruel with the maids; I will cut off their heads.
Gre. The heads of the maids ?
Sam. Ay, the heads of the maids, or their maiden- 30 heads; take it in what sense thou wilt.
Gre. They must take it in sense that feel it.
Sam. Me they shall feel while I am able to stand : and 'tis known I am a pretty piece of flesh.
Gre. 'Tis well thou art not fish; if thou hadst, thou hadst been poor John. Draw thy tool ; here comes two of the house of Montagues. Enter Abrabam and Balthasar.
Sam. My naked weapon is out: quarrel ; I will back thee.
Gre. How! turn thy back and run ?
Sam. Fear me not.

Gre. No, marry ; I fear thee!
Sam. Let us take the law of our sides; let them begin.
Gre. I will frown as I pass by, and let them take it as they list.
Sam. Nay, as they dare. I will bite my thumb at them; which is a disgrace to them, if they bear it.
$A b r$. Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?
Sam. I do bite my thumb, sir.
Abr. Do you bite your thumb at us, sir ?
Sam. [Aside to Gre.] Is the law of our side, if $\overline{\text { i }}$ say may ?
Gre. No.
Sam. No, sir, I do not bite my thumb at you, sir ; but I bite my thumb, sir.
Gre. Do you quarrel, sir?
Abr. Quarrel, sir! no, sir.
Sam. But if you do, sir, I am for you: I serve as good a man as you.
Abr. No better.
Sam. Well, sir.
Enter Benvolio.
Gre. [Aside to Sam.] Say 'better'' : here comes one of my master's kinsmen.

## Romeo and Juliet

Sam. Yes, better, sir.
$A b r$. You lie.
Sam. Draw, if you be men. Gregory, remember thy swashing blow.
Ben. Part, fools!
[They fight. 70 Put up your swords; you know not what you do.

## Enter Tybalt.

Tyb. What, art thou drawn among these heartless hinds? Turn thee, Benvolio, look upon thy death.
Ben. I do but keep the peace: put up thy sword,
Or manage it to part these men with me.
Tyb. What, drawn, and talk of peace! I hate the words As I hate hell, all Montagues, and thee : Have at thee, coward!

Enter several of both bouses, who join the fray; then enter Citizens and Peace-officers, with clubs.
First Off. Clubs, bills, and partisans! strike! beat them down! 80
Down with the Capulets! down with the Montagues!
Enter old Capulei in his gown, and Lady Capulet.
Cap. What noise is this? Give me my long sword, ho! La. Cap. A crutch, a crutch! why call you for a sword?

Cap. My sword, I say! Old Montague is come, And flourishes his blade in spite of me.

Enter old Montague and Lady Montague.
Mon. Thou villain Capulet !-Hold me not, let me go. La. Mon. Thou shalt not stir one foot to seek a foe.

> Enter Prince Escalus, with his train.

Prin. Rebellious subjects, enemies to peace,
Profaners of this neighbour-stained steel, -
Will they not hear? What, ho! you men, you beasts,
That quench the fire of your pernicious rage With purple fountains issuing from your veins, On pain of torture, from those bloody hands
Throw your mistemper'd weapons to the ground,
And hear the sentence of your moved prince.
Three civil brawls, bred of an airy word,
By thee, old Capulet, and Montague,
Have thrice disturb'd the quiet of our streets,
And made Verona's ancient citizens
Cast by their grave beseeming ornaments,
100
To wield old partisans, in hands as old,
Canker'd with peace, to part your canker'd hate :
If ever you disturb our streets again,

## Romeo and Juliet

Your lives shall pay the forfeit of the peace.
For this time, all the rest depart away :
You, Capulet, shall go along with me;
And, Montague, come you this afternoon,
To know our farther pleasure in this case,
To old Free-town, our common judgement-place.
Once more, on pain of death, all men depart. I Io [Exeunt all but Montague, Lady Montague, and Benvolio.
Mon. Who set this ancient quarrel new abroach ? Speak, nephew, were you by when it began?
Ben. Here were the servants of your adversary
And yours close fighting ere I did approach :
I drew to part them : in the instant came
The fiery Tybalt, with his sword prepared; Which, as he breathed defiance to my ears,
He swung about his head, and cut the winds, Who, nothing hurt withal, hiss'd him in scorn :
While we were interchanging thrusts and blows, 120
Came more and more, and fought on part and part,
Till the prince came, who parted either part.
La. Mon. O, where is Romeo? saw you him to-day?
Right glad I am he was not at this fray.
Ben. Madam, an hour before the worshipp'd sun Peer'd forth the golden window of the east,

A troubled mind drave me to walk abroad;
Where, underneath the grove of sycamore
That westward rooteth from the city's side,
So early walking did I see your son :
Towards him I made; but he was ware of me, And stole into the covert of the wood:
I, measuring his affections by my own,
Which then most sought where most might not be found,
Being one too many by my weary self,
Pursued my humour, not pursuing his,
And gladly shunn'd who gladly fled from me. Mon. Many a morning hath he there been seen, With tears augmenting the fresh morning's dew, Adding to clouds more clouds with his deep sighs: But all so soon as the all-cheering sun 140
Should in the farthest east begin to draw
The shady curtains from Aurora's bed,
Away from light steals home my heavy son,
And private in his chamber pens himself,
Shuts up his windows, locks fair daylight out,
And makes himself an artificial night :
Black and portentous must this humour prove,
Unless good counsel may the cause remove.
Ben. My noble uncle, do you know the cause?

## Romeo and Juliet

Mon. I neither know it nor can learn of him.
Ben. Have you importuned him by any means? Mon. Both by myself and many other friends:

But he, his own affections' counsellor,
Is to himself -I will not say how true-
But to himself so secret and so close,
So far from sounding and discovery,
As is the bud bit with an envious worm,
Ere he can spread his sweet leaves to the air,
Or dedicate his beauty to the sun.
Could we but learn from whence his sorrows grow, We would as willingly give cure as know. I6I

## Enter Romeo.

Ben. See, where he comes : so please you step aside, I'll know his grievance, or be much denied.
Mon. I would thou wert so happy by thy stay,
To hear true shrift. Come, madam, let's away.
[Exeunt Montague and Lady.
Ben. Good morrow, cousin.
Rom.
Is the day so young?
Ben. But new struck nine.
Rom. Ay me! sad hours seem long.
Was that my father that went hence so fast?
Ben. It was. What sadness lengthens Romeo's hours?

Rom. Not having that which, having, makes them short. Ben. In love?

171
Rom. Out-
Ben. Of love?
Rom. Out of her favour, where I am in love. Ben. Alas, that love, so gentle in his view, Should be so tyrannous and rough in proof!
Rom. Alas, that love, whose view is muffled still,
Should without eyes see pathways to his will!
Where shall we dine? O me! What fray was here?
Yet tell me not, for I have heard it all. 180
Here's much to do with hate, but more with love :
Why, then, O brawling love! O loving hate!
O any thing, of nothing first create!
O heavy lightness! serious vanity!
Mis-shapen chaos of well-seeming forms !

- Feather of lead, bright smoke, cold fire, sick health ! Still-waking sleep, that is not what it is !
This love feel I, that feel no love in this.
Dost thou not laugh ?
Ben.
No, coz, I rather weep.
Rom. Good heart, at what?
Ben. At thy good heart's oppression. 190
Rom. Why, such is love's transgression.
Griefs of mine own lie heavy in my breast;


## Romeo and Juliet

Which thou wilt propagate, to have it prest With more of thine : this love that thou hast shown Doth add more grief to too much of mine own.
Love is a smoke raised with the fume of sighs;
Being purged, a fire sparkling in lovers' eyes;
-Being vex'd, a sea nourish'd with lovers' tears :
What is it eise? a madness most discreet,
A choking gall and a preserving sweet. 200
Farewell, my coz.
Ben. Soft! I will go along :
An if you leave me so, you do me wrong. Rom. Tut, I have lost myself; I am not here;

This is not Romeo, he's some other where.
Ben. Tell me in sadness, who is that you love? Rom. What, shall I groan and tell thee ?
Ben.
Groan! why, no ;
But sadly tell me who.
Rom. Bid a sick man in sadness make his will :
Ah, word ill urged to one that is so ill!
In sadness, cousin, I do love a woman.
Ben. I aim'd so near when I supposed you loved. Rom. A right good mark-man! And she's fair I love. Ben. A right fair mark, fair coz, is soonest hit. Rom. Well, in that hit you miss : she 'll not be hit With Cupid's arrow ; she hath Dian's wit,

And in strong proof of chastity well arm'd,
From love's weak childish bow she lives unharm'd.
She will not stay the siege of loving terms,
Nor bide the encounter of assailing eyes, Nor ope her lap to saint-seducing gold:
O , she is rich in beauty, only poor
That, when she dies, with beauty dies her store.
Ben. Then she hath sworn that she will still live chaste *
Rom. She hath, and in that sparing makes huge waste
For beauty, starved with her severity,
Cuts beauty off from all posterity.
She is too fair, too wise, wisely too fair,
To merit bliss by making me despair :
She hath forsworn to love; and in that vow
Do I live dead, that live to tell it now.
Ben. Be ruled by me, forget to think of her.
Rom. O, teach me how I should forget to think.
Ben. By giving liberty unto thine eyes;
Examine other beauties.
Rom.
'Tis the way
To call hers, exquisite, in question more:
These happy masks that kiss fair ladies' brows,
Being black, put us in mind they hide the fair ;
He that is strucken blind cannot forget
The precious treasure of his eyesight lost:

## Romeo and Juliet

Show me a mistress that is passing fair,
What doth her beauty serve but as a note Where I may read who pass'd that passing fair ?
Farewell : thou canst not teach me to forget. Ben. I'll pay that doctrine, or else die in debt. [Exeunt.

## Scene II.

## A street.

## Enter Capulet, Paris, and Servant.

Cap. But Montague is bound as well as I,
In penalty alike ; and 'tis not hard, I think,
For men so old as we to keep the peace.
Par. Of honourable reckoning are you both;
And pity 'tis you lived at odds so long.
But now, my lord, what say you to my suit?
Cap. But saying o'er what I have said before:
My child is yet a stranger in the world;
She hath not seen the change of fourteen years:
Let two more summers wither in their pride 10
Ere we may think her ripe to be a bride.
Par. Younger than she are happy mothers made.
Cap. And too soon marr'd are those so early made.
The earth hath swallow'd all my hopes but she,

She is the hopeful lady of my earth :
But wou her, gentle Paris, get her heart ;
My will to her consent is but a part;
An she agree, within her scope of choice
Lies my consent and fair according voice.
This night I hold an old accustom'd feast,
Whereto I have invited many a guest,
Such as I love ; and you among the store,
One more, most welcome, makes my number more.
At my poor house look to behold this night
Earth-treading stars that make dark heaven light :
Such comfort as do lusty young men feel When well-apparell'd April on the heel Of limping winter treads, even such delight Among fresh female buds shall you this night Inherit at my house ; hear all, all see,
And like her most whose merit most shall be : Which on more view, of many mine being one May stand in number, though in reckoning none. Come, go with me. Go, sirrah, trudge about Through fair Verona; find those persons out Whose names are written there, and to them say, My house and welcome on their pleasure stay. [Exeunt Capulet and Paris. Serv. Find them out whose names are written here!

It is written that the shoemaker should meddle with his yard and the tailor with his last, the 40 fisher with his pencil and the painter with his nets; but I am sent to find those persons whose names are here writ, and can never find what names the writing person hath here writ. I must to the learned. In good time.

## Enter Benvolio and Romeo.

Ben. Tut, man, one fire burns out another's burning.
One pain is lessen'd by another's anguish;
Turn giddy, and be holp by backward turning ;
One desperate grief cures with another's languish :
Take thou some new infection to thy eye,
And the rank poison of the old will die.
Rom. Your plantain-leaf is excellent for that. Ben. For what, I pray thee? Rom.

For your broken shin.
Ben. Why, Romeo, art thou mad?
Rom. Not mad, but bound more than a madman is ;
Shut up in prison, kept without my food,
Whipt and tormented and-God-den, good fellow. Serv. God gi' god-den. I pray, sir, can you read ?
Rom. Ay, mine own fortune in my misery.

Servo. Perhaps you have learned it without book: but, I pray, can you read anything you see?
Rom. Ay, if I know the letters and the language. Servo. Ye say honestly : rest you merry !
Rom. Stay, fellow ; I can read.

- Signor Martino and his wife and daughters; County Anselme and his beauteous sisters; the lady widow of Vitruvio ; Signior Placentio and his lovely nieces; Mercutio and his brother 90 Valentine; mine uncle Capulet, his wife, and daughters; my fair niece Rosaline; Livia; Signor Valentio and his cousin Tybalt; Lucio and the lively Helena.'

A fair assembly: whither should they come?
Serve. Up.
Rom. Whither?
Serve. To supper ; to our house.
Rom. Whose house?
Serv. My master's.
Rom. Indeed, I should have ask'd you that before.
Servo. Now I'll tell you without asking : my master is the great rich Capulet; and if you be not of ${ }^{16}$

## Romeo and Juliet

the house of Montagues, I pray, come and crush a cup of wine. Rest you merry! [Exit. Ben. At this same ancient feast of Capulet's Sups the fair Rosaline whom thou so lovest, With all the admired beauties of Verona:
Go thither, and with unattainted eye
Compare her face with some that I shall show,
And I will make thee think thy swan a crow.
Rom. When the devout religion of mine eye
Maintains such falsehood, then turn tears to fires ;
And these, who, often drown'd, could never die,
Transparent heretics, be burnt for liars !
One fairer than my love! the all-seeing sun
Ne'er saw her match since first the world begun.
Ben. Tut, you saw her fair, none else being by,
Herself poised with herself in either eye:
100
But in that crystal scales let there be weigh'd
Your lady's love against some other maid,
That I will show you shining at this feast,
And she shall scant show well that now seems best.
Rom. I'll go along, no such sight to be shown,
But to rejoice in splendour of mine own. [Exeunt.
${ }^{28} 6$

## Scene III.

## A room in Capulet's house.

## Enter Lady Capulet and Nurse.

La. Cap. Nurse, where's my daughter ? call her forth to me.
Nurse. Now, by my maidenhead at twelve year old, I bade her come. What, lamb! what, lady-bird !God forbid !-Where's this girl ? What, Juliet!

## Enter Juliet.

Jul. How now! who calls?
Nurse. Your mother.
Jul. Madam, I am here. What is your will?
La. Cap. This is the matter. Nurse, give leave awhile, We must talk in secret :-nurse, come back again ;
I have remember'd me, thou's hear our counsel.
Thou know'st my daughter's of a pretty age. 10 Nurse. Faith, I can tell her age unto an hour. La. Gap. She's not fourteen. Nurse.

I'll lay fourteen of my teeth,-
And yet, to my teen be it spoken, I have but four:She is not fourteen. How long is it now

## Romeo and Juliet

## To Lammas-tide ?

La. Cap.
A fortnight and odd days. Nurse. Even or odd, of all days in the year,

Come Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen. Susan and she-God rest all Christian souls!Were of an age: well, Susan is with God; She was too good for me:-but, as I said,
On Lammas-eve at night shall she be fourteen; That shall she, marry; I remember it well. 'Tis since the earthquake now eleven years; And she was wean'd,-I never shall forget itOf all the days of the year, upon that day : For I had then laid wormwood to my dug, Sitting in the sun under the dove-house wall; My lord and you were then at Mantua :Nay, I do bear a brain :-but, as I said, When it did taste the wormwood on the nipple 30 Of my dug, and felt it bitter, pretty fool, To see it tetchy, and fall out with the dug! Shake, quoth the dove-house : 'twas no need, I trow, To bid me trudge.
And since that time it is eleven years;
For then she could stand high-lone; nay, by the rood,
She could have run and waddled all about ;

For even the day before, she broke her brow : And then my husband,-God be with his soul! A' was a merry man-took up the child:
'Yea,' quoth he, 'dost thou fall upon thy face?
Thou wilt fall backward when thou hast more wit; Wilt thou not, Jule ?' and, by my holidame, The pretty wretch left crying, and said 'Ay.' To see now how a jest shall come about! I warrant, an I should live a thousand years, I never should forget it: 'Wilt thou not, Jule?' quoth he;
And, pretty fool, it stinted, and said 'Ay.'
La. Cap. Enough of this; I pray thee, hold thy peace. Nurse. Yes, madam : yet I cannot choose but laugh, 50

To think it should leave crying, and say ' Ay ':
And yet, I warrant, it had upon its brow
A bump as big as a young cockerel's stone ;
A perilous knock; and it cried bitterly :
' Yea,' quoth my husband, ' fall'st upon thy face?
Thou wilt fall backward when thou comest to age; Wilt thou not, Jule ?' it stinted, and said 'Ay.' Jul. And stint thou too, I pray thee, nurse, say I. Nurse. Peace, I have done. God mark thee to his grace!

Thou wast the prettiest babe that e'er I nursed: 60 An I might live to see thee married once,

I have my wish.
La. Cap. Marry, that 'marry' is the very theme I came to talk of. Tell me, daughter Juliet, How stands your disposition to be married ?
$J_{u l}$. It is an honour that I dream not of. Nurse. An honour! were not I thine only nurse, I would say thou hadst suck'd wisdom from thy teat. La. Cap. Well, think of marriage now; younger than you Here in Verona, ladies of esteem,
Are made already mothers. By my count,
I was your mother much upon these years That you are now a maid. Thus then in brief; The valiant Paris seeks you for his love. Nurse. A man, young lady! lady, such a man As all the world-why, he's a man of wax. La. Cap. Verona's summer hath not such a flower. Nurse. Nay, he's a flower ; in faith, a very flower. La. Cap. What say you? can you love the gentleman ?

This night you shall behold him at our feast: 80 Read o'er the volume of young Paris' face, And find delight writ there with beauty's pen;
Examine every married lineament,
And see how one another lends content;
And what obscured in this fair volume lies Find written in the margent of his eyes.

This precious book of love, this unbound lover,
To beautify him, only lacks a cover :
The fish lives in the sea; and 'tis much pride
For fair without the fair within to hide:
That book in many's eyes doth share the glory,
That in gold clasps locks in the golden story :
So shall you share all that he doth possess,
By having him making yourself no less.
Nurse. No less! nay, bigger : women grow by men. La. Cap. Speak briefly, can you like of Paris' love? Jul. I'll look to like, if looking liking move:

But no more deep will I endart mine eye Than your consent gives strength to make it fly.

## Enter a Servingman.

Serv. Madam, the guests are come, supper served 100 up, you called, my young lady asked for, the nurse cursed in the pantry, and every thing in extremity. I must hence to wait; I beseech you, follow straight.
La. Cap. We follow thee. [Exit Servingman.] Julie', the county stays.
Nurse. Go, girl, seek happy nights to happy days.
[Exeunt.

## Romeo and Juliet

## Scene IV.

$A$ street.
Enter Romeo, Mercutio, Benvolio, with five or six other Maskers, and Torch-bearers.
Rom. What, shall this speech be spoke for our excuse?
Or shall we on without apology?
Ben. The date is out of such prolixity:
We'll have no Cupid hoodwink'd with a scarf,
Bearing a Tartar's painted bow of lath,
Scaring the ladies like a crow-keeper ;
Nor no without-book prologue, faintly spoke
After the prompter, for our entrance:
But, let them measure us by what they will,
We'll measure them a measure, and be gone.
Rom. Give me a torch : I am not for this ambling;
Being but heavy, I will bear the light.
Mer. Nay, gentle Romeo, we must have you dance.
Rom. Not I, believe me : you have dancing shoes
With nimble soles: I have a soul of lead
So stakes me to the ground, I cannot move.
Mer. You are a lover; borrow Cupid's wings,
And soar with them above a common bound.
Rom. I am too sore enpierced with his shaft

To soar with his light feathers, and so bound,
I cannot bound a pitch above dull woe :
Under love's heavy burthen do I sink.
Mer. And, to sink in it, should you burthen love;
Too great oppression for a tender thing.
Rom. Is love a tender thing? it is too rough,
Too rude, too boisterous, and it pricks like thorn.
Mer. If love be rough with you, be rough with love;
Prick love for pricking, and you beat love down.
Give me a case to put my visage in :
A visor for a visor! what care I
What curious eye doth quote deformities?
Here are the beetle-brows shall blush for me.
Ben. Come, knock and enter, and no sooner in
But every man betake him to his legs.
Rom. A torch for me: let wantons light of heart
Tickle the senseless rushes with their heels;
For I am proverb'd with a grandsire phrase;
I'll be a candle-holder, and look on.
The game was ne'er so fair, and I am done.
Mer. Tut, dun's the mouse, the constable's own word :
If thou art dun, we'll draw thee from the mire 41
Of this sir-reverence love, wherein thou stick'st
Up to the ears. Come, we burn daylight, ho.
Rom. Nay, that's not so.

## Ier. <br> I mean, sir, in delay

We waste our lights in vain, like lamps by day. Take our good meaning, for our judgement sits Five times in that ere once in our five wits.
Rom. And we mean well, in going to this mask;
But 'is no wit to go.
Mere. Why, may one ask ?
Rom. I dreamt a dream to-night.
Mr. And so did I.
Rom. Well, what was yours?
Mr.
That dreamers often lie.
Rom. In bed asleep, while they do dream things true.
Mir. O, then, I see Queen Mab hath been with you.

- .- She is the fairies' midwife, and she comes

In shape no bigger than an agate-stone
On the fore-finger of an alderman,
Drawn with a team of little atomises
Athwart men's noses as they lie asleep:
Her waggon-spokes made of long spinners' legs;
The cover, of the wings of grasshoppers;
Her traces, of the smallest spider's web;
Her collars, of the moonshine's watery beams; Her whip, of cricket's bone; the lash, of film;
Her waggoner, a small grey-coated gnat,
Not half so big as a round little worm

Prick'd from the lazy finger of a maid:
Her chariot is an empty hazel-nut,
Made by the joiner squirrel or old grub,
Time out o' mind the fairies' coachmakers.
And in this state she gallops night by night 70 Through lovers' brains, and then they dream of love;
O'er courtiers' knees, that dream on court'sies straight ;
O'er lawyers' fingers, who straight dream on fees; O'er ladies' lips, who straight on kisses dream, Which oft the angry Mab with blisters plagues, Because their breaths with sweetmeats tainted are: Sometime she gallops o'er a courtier's nose, And then dreams he of smelling out a suit; And sometime comes she with a tithe-pig's tail Tickling a parson's nose as a' lies asleep,
Then dreams he of another benefice :
Sometime she driveth o'er a soldier's neck, And then dreams he of cutting foreign throats, Of breaches, ambuscadoes, Spanish blades, Of healths five fathom deep; and then anon Drums in his ear, at which he starts and wakes, And being thus frighted swears a prayer or two, And sleeps again. This is that very Mab

## Romeo and Juliet

That plats the manes of horses in the night,
And bakes the elf-locks in foul sluttish hairs, 90 Which once untangled much misfortune bodes:
This is the hag, when maids lie on their backs,
That presses them and learns them first to bear,
Making them women of good carriage :
This is she-
Rom. Peace, peace, Mercutio, peace!
Thou talk'st of nothing.

## Mer.

 True, I talk of dreams;Which are the children of an idle brain,
Begot of nothing but vain fantasy,
Which is as thin of substance as the air,
And more inconstant than the wind, who wooes 100 Even now the frozen bosom of the north,
And, being anger'd, puffs away from thence,
Turning his face to the dew-dropping south.
Ben. This wind you talk of blows us from ourselves;
Supper is done, and we shall come too late.
Rom. I fear, too early : for my mind misgives
Some consequence, yet hanging in the stars,
Shall bitterly begin his fearful date
With this night's revels, and expire the term
Of a despised life closed in my breast,
110
By some vile forfeit of untimely death :

But He , that hath the steerage of my course, Direct my sail! On, lusty gentlemen. Ben. Strike, drum.

[Exeunt.

## Scene V.

## A ball in Capulet's house.

$M$ usicians waiting. Enter Servingmen, with napkins. First Servo. Where's Potpan, that he helps not to take away? he shift a trencher! he scrape a trencher!
Sec. Servo. When good manners shall lie all in one or two men's hands, and they unwashed too, 'tic a foul thing.
First Serv. Away with the joint-stools, remove the court-cupboard, look to the plate. Good thou, save me a piece of marchpane; and, as thou lowest me, let the porter let in Susan Grindstone 10 and Nell. Antony, and Potpan!
Sec. Serv. Ay, boy, ready.
First Serve. You are looked for and called for, asked for and sought for, in the great chamber. Third Servo. We cannot be here and there too. Cheerly, boys; be brisk a while, and the longer liver take all.
[They retire behind.

## Romeo and Juliet

Enter Capulet, with Juliet and others of his house, meeting the Guests and Maskers.
Cap. Welcome, gentlemen! ladies that have their toes
Unplagued with corns will have a bout with you:
Ah ha, my mistresses! which of you all
Will now deny to dance? She that makes dainty, She, I'll swear, hath corns; am I come near ye now?
Welcome, gentlemen! I have seen the day
That I have worn a visor, and could tell
A whispering tale in a fair lady's ear,
Such as would please: 'tis gone, 'tis gone, 'tis gone :
You are welcome, gentlemen! Come, musicians, play.
A hall, a hall! give room! and foot it, girls. [Music plays, and they dance.
More light, you knaves; and turn the tables up, And quench the fire, the room is grown too hot. 30 Ah, sirrah, this unlook'd-for sport comes well. Nay, sit, nay, sit, good cousin Capulet;
For you and I are past our dancing days:
How long is't now since last yourself and I Were in a mask?
Sec. Cap. By 'r lady, thirty years. Cap. What, man! 'tis not so much, 'tis not so much : 'Tis since the nuptial of Lucentio,

Come Pentecost as quickly as it will, Some five and twenty years ; and then we mask'd. Sec. Cap. 'Tis more, 'tis more : his son is elder, sir; 40 His son is thirty.
Cap. Will you tell me that?
His son was but a ward two years ago.
Rom. [To a Servingman] What lady's that, which doth enrich the hand
Of yonder knight?
Serv. I know not, sir.
Rom. O, she doth teach the torches to burn bright!
It seems she hangs upon the cheek of night
Like a rich jewel in an Ethiop's ear ;
Beauty too rich for use, for earth too dear !
So shows a snowy dove trooping with crows, 50
As yonder lady o'er her fellows shows.
The measure done, I'll watch her place of stand, And, touching hers, make blessed my rude hand. Did my heart love till now? forswear it, sight!
For I ne'er saw true beauty till this night.
Tyb. This, by his voice, should be a Montague.
Fetch me my rapier, boy. What dares the slave
Come hither, cover'd with an antic face, To fleer and scorn at our solemnity ?
Now, by the stock and honour of my kin,

## $\underline{\text { Romeo and Juliet }}$

To strike him dead I hold it not a sin.
Cap. Why, how now, kinsman! wherefore storm you so?
Tyb. Uncle, this is a Montague, our foe;
A villain, that is hither come in spite,
To scorn at our solemnity this night.
Cap. Young Romeo is it?
Tyb.
'Tis he, that villain Romeo.
Cap. Content thee, gentle coz, let him alone,
He bears him like a portly gentleman;
And, to say truth, Verona brags of him
Tc be a virtuous and well-govern'd youth : $\quad 70$
I would not for the wealth of all this town
Here in my house do him disparagement :
Therefore be patient, take no note of him:
It is my will, the which if thou respect,
Show a fair presence and put off these frowns,
An ill-beseeming semblance for a feast.
Tyb. It fits, when such a villain is a guest:
I 'll not endure him.
Cap.
He shall be endured:
What, goodman boy! I say, he shall : go to ;
Am I the master here, or you? go to. 80
You'll not endure him! God shall mend my soul,
You'll make a mutiny among my guests !
You will set cock-a-hoop! you'll be the man !

Tyb. Why, uncle, 'tis a shame. Cap.
Go to, go to ;

You are a saucy boy : is 't so, indeed ?
This trick may chance to scathe you, I know what: You must contrary me! marry, 'tis time.
Well said, my hearts! You are a princox; go: Be quiet, or- More light, more light! For shame ! I'll make you quiet. What, cheerly, my hearts! 90 Tyb. Patience perforce with wilful choler meeting Makes my flesh tremble in their different greeting. I will withdraw : but this intrusion shall,
Now seeming sweet, convert to bitterest gall. [Exit. Rom. [To Juliet] If I profane with my unworthiest hand This holy shrine, the gentle fine is this, My lips, two blushing pilgrims, ready stand To smooth that rough touch with a tender kiss. Jul. Good pilgrim, you do wrong your hand too much, Which mannerly devotion shows in this; 100 For saints have hands that pilgrims' hands do touch, And palm to palm is holy palmers' kiss.
Rom. Have not saints lips, and holy palmers too?
Jul. Ay, pilgrim, lips that they must use in prayer. Rom. O, then, dear saint, let lips do what hands do ;

They pray, grant thou, lest faith turn to despair. Jul. Saints do not move, though grant for prayers' sake.

## Romeo and Juliet

Rom. Then move not, while my prayer's effect I take. Thus from my lips by thine my $\sin$ is purged.
[Kissing her.
Jul. Then have my lips the sin that they have took. IIo Rom. Sin from my lips? O trespass sweetly urged!

Give me my sin again.
Jul. You kiss by the book.
Nurse. Madam, your mother craves a word with you.
Rom. What is her mother?
Nurse.
Marry, bachelor,
Her mother is the lady of the house,
And a good lady, and a wise and virtuous :
I nursed her daughter, that you talk'd withal ;
I tell you, he that can lay hold of her
Shall have the chinks.
Rom.
Is she a Capulet?
O dear account! my life is my foe's debt.
Ben. Away, be gone; the sport is at the best.
Rom. Ay, so I fear ; the more is my unrest.
Cap. Nay, gentlemen, prepare not to be gone;
We have a trifling foolish banquet towards.
Is it e'en so? why, then, I thank you all ;
I thank you, honest gentlemen; good night.
More torches here! Come on then, let's to bed.
Ah, sirrah, by my fay, it waxes late :
$28 c$

I'll to my rest. [Exeunt all but Juliet and Nurse. Jul. Come hither, nurse. What is yond gentleman? 130 Nurse. The son and heir of old Tiberio. Jul. What's he that now is going out of door?
Nurse. Marry, that, I think, be young Petruchio.
Jul. What's he that follows there, that would not dance? Nurse. I know not. Jul. Go ask his name. If he be married,

My grave is like to be my wedding bed.
Nurse. His name is Romeo, and a Montague,
The only son of your great enemy.
Jul. My only love sprung from my only hate!
Too early seen unknown, and known too late!
Prodigious birth of love it is to me,
That I must love a loathed enemy.
Nurse. What's this? what's this?
Jul.
A rhyme I learn'd even now
Of one I danced withal. [One calls within 'Juliet.' Nurse. Anon, anon!
Come, let's away ; the strangers all are gone.
[Exeunt.

## Romeo and Juliet

## Act Second.

## Prologue.

## Enter Cborus.

Chor. Now old desire doth in his death-bed lie, And young affection gapes to be his heir ; That fair for which love groan'd for and would die, With tender Juliet match'd, is now not fair. Now Romeo is beloved and loves again, Alike bewitched by the charm of looks, But to his foe supposed he must complain,

And she steal love's sweet bait from fearful hooks : Being held a foe, he may not have access

To breathe such vows as lovers use to swear ; 10 And she as much in love, her means much less

To meet her new beloved any where :
But passion lends them power, time means, to meet, Tempering extremities with extreme sweet. [Exit.

## Scene 1.

A lane by the wall of Capulet's orchard. Enter Romeo, alone.
Rom. Can I go forward when my heart is here?

Turn back, dull earth, and find thy centre out. [He climbs the wall, and leaps down within it. Enter Benvolio with Mercutio.

Ben. Romeo! my cousin Romeo! Mer.

He is wise;
And, on my life, hath stol'n him home to bed. Ben. He ran this way, and leap'd this orchard wall:

Call, good Mercutio.
Mer.
Nay, I'll conjure too.
Romeo! humours! madman! passion! lover!

- Appear thou in the likeness of a sigh :

Speak but one rhyme, and I am satisfied;
Cry but 'ay me!' pronounce but 'love' and 'dove;'
Speak to my gossip Venus one fair word,
One nick-name for her purblind son and heir,
Young Adam Cupid, he that shot so trim Cikiahom
When King Cophetua loved the beggar-maid!
He heareth not, he stirreth not, he moveth not;
The ape is dead, and I must conjure him.
I conjure thee by Rosaline's bright eyes,
By her high forehead and her scarlet lip,
By her fine foot, straight leg and quivering thigh,
And the demesnes that there adjacent lie,
Trat in thy likeness thou appear to us !

## Romeo and Juliet

Ben. An if he hear thee, thou wilt anger him.
Mer. This cannot anger him : 'twould anger him To raise a spirit in his mistress' circle
Of some strange nature, letting it there stand Till she had laid it and conjured it down;
That were some spite : my invocation
Is fair and honest, and in his mistress' name
I conjure only but to raise up him.
Ben. Come, he hath hid himself among these trees, 30
To be consorted with the humorous night :
Blind is his love, and best befits the dark.
Mer. If love be blind, love cannot hit the mark.
Now will he sit under a medlar-tree,
And wish his mistress were that kind of fruit
As maids call medlars when they laugh alone.
O , Romeo, that she were, O , that she were An open et cetera, thou a poperin pear !
Romeo, good night: I'll to my truckle-bed; This field-bed is too cold for me to sleep: Come, shall we go ?
Ben.
Go then, for 'tic in vain
To seek him here that means not to be found.
[Exeunt.

## Scene II.

Capulet's orchard.

## Enter Romeo.

Rom. He jests at scars that never felt a wound.
[Juliet appears above at a window.
But,' soft! what light through yonder window breaks?
It is the east, and Juliet is the sun!
Arise, fair sun, and kill the envious moon, Who is already sick and pale with grief,
That thou her maid are far more fair than she :
Be not her maid, since she is envious;
Her vestal livery is but sick and green,
And none but fools do wear it ; cast it off. It is my lady ; O , it is my love!
O , that she knew she were!
She speaks, yet she says nothing : what of that?
Her eye discourses, I will answer it.
I am too bold, 'tis not to me she speaks: Two of the fairest stars in all the heaven, Having some business, do intreat her eyes To twinkle in their spheres till they return. What if her eyes were there, they in her head ?

## Romeo and Juliet

The brightness of her cheek would shame those stars, As daylight doth a lamp; her eyes in heaven 20 Would through the airy region stream so bright That birds would sing and think it were not night. See, how she leans her cheek upon her hand!
O, that I were a glove upon that hand, That I might touch that cheek !

O, speak again, bright angel! for thou art
As glorious to this night, being o'er my head,
As is a winged messenger of heaven
Unto the white-upturned wondering eyes
Of mortals that fall back to gaze on him,
When he bestrides the lazy-pacing clouds
And sails upon the bosom of the air.
Jul. O Romeo, Romeo! wherefore art thou Romeo?
Deny thy father and refuse thy name;
Or, if thou wilt not, be but sworn my love,
And I'll no longer be a Capulet.
Rom. [Aside] Shall I hear more, or shall I speak at this?
Jul. 'Tis but thy name that is my enemy ;
Thou art thyself, though not a Montague.
What's Montague? it is nor hand, nor foot,
Nor arm, nor face, nor any other part

Belonging to a man. $O$, be some other name! What's in a name ? that which we call a rose By any other name would smell as sweet; So Romeo would, were he not Romeo call'd, Retain that dear perfection which he owes Without that title. Romeo, doff thy name, And for thy name, which is no part of thee, Take all myself.
Rom.
I take thee at thy word:
Call me but love, and I'll be new baptized; Henceforth I never will be Romeo.
Jul. What man art thou, that, thus bescreen'd in night, So stumblest on my counsel ?

## Rom.

By a name
I know not how to tell thee who I am :
My name, dear saint, is hateful to myself,
Because it is an enemy to thee ;
Had I it written, I would tear the word.
Jul. My ears have yet not drunk a hundred words
Of thy tongue's uttering, yet I know the sound :
Art thou not Romeo, and a Montague ?
Rom. Neither, fair maid, if either thee dislike.
Jul. How camest thou hither, tell me, and wherefore ?
The orchard walls are high and hard to climb,
And the place death, considering who thou art,

If any of my kinsmen find thee here.
Rom. With love's light wings did I o'er-perch these walls,
For stony limits cannot hold love out :
And what love can do, that dares love attempt;
Therefore thy kinsmen are no let to me.
Jul. If they do see thee, they will murder thee. 70 Rom. Alack, there lies more peril in thine eye

Than twenty of their swords: look thou but sweet, And I am proof against their enmity.
Jul. I would not for the world they saw thee here. Rom. I have night's cloak to hide me from their eyes ;

And but thou love me, let them find me here :
My life were better ended by their hate,
Than death prorogued, wanting of thy love.
$J u l$. By whose direction found'st thou out this place? Rom. By love, that first did prompt me to inquire ; 80

He lent me counsel, and I lent him eyes.
I am no pilot; yet, wert thou as far
As that vast shore wash'd with the farthest sea,
I would adventure for such merchandise.
$J_{u l}$. Thou know'st the mask of night is on my face,
Else would a maiden blush bepaint my cheek
For that which thou hast heard me speak to-night.
Fain would I dwell on form, fain, fain deny
What I have spoke: but farewell compliment!

Dost thou love me? I know thou wilt say 'Ay,' And I will take thy word: yet, if thou swear'st, Thou mayst prove false : at lovers' perjuries, They say, Jove laughs. O gentle Romeo, If thou dost love, pronounce it faithfully: O: if thou think'st I am too quickly won, I'll frown and be perverse and say thee nay, So thou wilt woo; but else, not for the world. In truth, fair Montague, I am too fond;
And therefore thou mayst think my 'haviour light: But trust me, gentleman, I'll prove more true 100 Than those that have more cunning to be strange. I should have been more strange, I must confess, But that thou overheard'st, ere I was ware, My true love's passion : therefore pardon me, And not impute this yielding to light love, Which the dark night hath so discovered. Rom. Lady, by yonder blessed moon I swear, That tips with silver all these fruit-tree tops,Jul. O, swear not by the moon, th' inconstant moon, That monthly changes in her circled orb, 110 Lest that thy love prove likewise variable.
Rom. What shall I swear by ? Jul.

Do not swear at all;
Or, if thou wilt, swear by thy gracious self,

## Romeo and Juliet

Which is the god of my idolatry,
And I'll believe thee.
Rom.
If my heart's dear love$J_{u l}$. Well, do not swear: although I joy in thee,

I have no joy of this contract to-night :
It is too rash, too unadvised, too sudden,
Too like the lightning, which doth cease to be
Ere one can say 'It lightens.' Sweet, good night !
This bud of love, by summer's ripening breath, 12 I May prove a beauteous flower when next we meet. Good night, good night! as sweet repose and rest Come to thy heart as that within my breast !
Kom. O, wilt thou leave me so unsatisfied? $J_{u l}$. What satisfaction canst thou have to-night? Rom. The exchange of thy love's faithful vow for mine. Jul. I gave thee mine before thou didst request it:

And yet I would it were to give again. Rom. Wouldst thou withdraw it? for what purpose, love? Jul. But to be frank, and give it thee again.

And yet I wish but for the thing I have:
My bounty is as boundless as the sea,
My love as deep; the more I give to thee,
The more I have, for both are infinite.
I hear some noise within ; dear love, adieu!
[Nurse calls within.

## Act II. Sc. ii.

The Tragedy of
Anon, good nurse! Sweet Montague, be true. Stay but a little, I will come again.
Rom. O blessed, blessed night! I am afeard,
Being in night, all this is but a dream,
140
Too flattering-sweet to be substantial.
Reenter Juliet, above.

Jul. Three words, dear Romeo, and good night indeed. If that thy bent of love be honourable,
Thy purpose marriage, send me word to-morrow,
By one that I'll procure to come to thee,
Where and what time thou wilt perform the rite,
And all my fortunes at thy foot I'll lay,
And follow thee my lord throughout the world.
Nurse. [Within] Madam!
Jul. I come, anon. -But if thou mean'st not well, 150
I do beseech thee-
Nurse. [Within] Madam! Jul.

By and by, I come:-
To cease thy suit, and leave me to my grief:
To-morrow will I send.
Rom.
So thrive my soul, -
Jul. A thousand times good night!
[Exit.
Rom. A thousand times the worse, to want thy light.

- Love goes toward love, as schoolboys from their books,


## Romeo and Juliet

But love from love, toward school with heavy looks. [Retiring slowly.

## Re-enter Juliet, above.

Jul. Hist! Romeo, hist!-O, for a falconer's voice, To lure this tassel-gentle back again!
Bondage is hoarse, and may not speak aloud;
Else would I tear the cave where Echo lies,
And make her airy tongue more hoarse than mine,
With repetition of my Romeo's name.
Romeo!
Rom. It is my soul that calls upon my name :
How silver-sweet sound lovers' tongues by night,
Like softest music to attending ears !
Jul. Romeo!
Rom. My dear ?
Jul. At what o'clock to-morrow
Shall I send to thee?
Rom. At the hour of nine. Jul. I will not fail : 'tis twenty years till then.

I have forgot why I did call thee back.
Rom. Let me stand here till thou remember it. $J u l$. I shall forget, to have thee still stand there,

Remembering how I love thy company.
Rom. And I'll still stay, to have thee still forget,

## Act II. Sc. iii.

Forgetting any other home but this.
Jul. 'Tis almost morning; I would have thee gone :
And yet no farther than a wanton's bird,
Who lets it hop a little from her hand,
Like a poor prisoner in his twisted gyves,
And with a silk thread plucks it back again,
So loving-jealous of his liberty.

## Rom. I would I were thy bird.

Jul. Sweet, so would I :
Yet I should kill thee with much cherishing.
Good night, good night! parting is such sweet sorrow That I shall say good night till it be morrow. [Exit. Rom. Sleep dwell upon thine eyes, peace in thy breast! Would I were sleep and peace, so sweet to rest! Hence will I to my ghostly father's cell, His help to crave, and my dear hap to tell. [Exit.

## Scene 111.

## Friar Laurence's cell.

Enter Friar Laurence, with a basket.
Fri. L. The grey-eyed morn smiles on the frowning night, Chequering the eastern clouds with streaks of light; And flecked darkness like a drunkard reels

From forth day's path and Titan's fiery wheels:
Now, ere the sun advance his burning eye, The day to cheer and night's dank dew to dry, I must up-fill this osier cage of ours
With baleful weeds and precious-juiced flowers. The earth that's nature's mother is her tomb; What is her burying grave, that is her womb: 10 And from her womb children of divers kind We sucking on her natural bosom find, Many for many virtues excellent, None but for some, and yet all different. O , mickle is the powerful grace that lies In herbs, plants, stones, and their true qualities : For nought so vile that on the earth doth live, But to the earth some special good doth give ; Nor aught so good, but, strain'd from that fair use, Revolts fron true birth, stumbling on abuse :
Virtue itself turns vice, being misapplied, And vice sometime's by action dignified. Within the infant rind of this small flower
Poison hath residence, and medicine power : For this, being smelt, with that part cheers each part, Being tasted, slays all senses with the heart. Two such opposed kings encamp them still In man as well as herbs, grace and rude will;

And where the worser is predominant,
Full soon the canker death eats up that plant. 30

## Enter Romeo.

Rom. Good morrow, father.

## Fri. L. <br> Benedicite!

What early tongue so sweet saluteth me ?
Young son, it argues a distemper'd head
So soon to bid good morrow to thy bed :
Care keeps his watch in every old man's eye,
And where care lodges, sleep will never lie;
But where unbruised youth with unstuff'd brain
Doth couch his limbs, there golden sleep doth reign :
Therefore thy earliness doth me assure
Thou art up-roused by some distemperature ;
Or if not so, then here I hit it right,
Our Romeo hath not been in bed to-night.
Rom. That last is true; the sweeter rest was mine. Fri. L. God pardon sin! wast thou with Rosaline?
Rom. With Rosaline, my ghostly father? no ;
I have forgot that name and that name's woe.
Fri. L. That's my good son: but where hast thou been then?
Rom. I'll tell thee ere thou ask it me again.
I have been feasting with mine enemy;

## Romeo and Juliet

Where on a sudden one hath wounded me, 50 That's by me wounded : both our remedies Within thy help and holy physic lies : I bear no hatred, blessed man, for, lo, My intercession likewise steads my foe.
Fri. L. Be plain, good son, and homely in thy drift; Riddling confession finds but riddling shrift.
Rom. Then plainly know my heart's dear love is set
On the fair daughter of rich Capulet:
As mine on hers, so hers is set on mine ;
And all combined, save what thou must combine 60
By holy marriage : when, and where, and how, We met, we woo'd and made exchange of vow, I'll tell thee as we pass; but this I pray,
That thou consent to marry us to-day.
Fri. L. Holy Saint Francis, what a change is here!
Is Rosaline, that thou didst love so dear, So soon forsaken? young men's love then lies Not truly in their hearts, but in their eyes. Jesu Maria, what a deal of brine Hath wash'd thy sallow cheeks for Rosaline!
How much salt water thrown away in waste, To season love, that of it doth not taste ! The sun not yet thy sighs from heaven clears, Thy old groans ring yet in mine ancient ears; ${ }^{28} d$

Lo, here upon thy cheek the stain doth sit Of an old tear that is not wash'd off yet:
If e'er thou wast thyself and these woes thine,
Thou and these woes were all for Rosaline :
And art thou changed? pronounce this sentence then :
Women may fall when there's no strength in men. Rom. Thou chid'st me oft for loving Rosaline. 8 I Fri. L. For doting, not for loving, pupil mine. Rom. And bad'st me bury love.
Fri. L.
Not in a grave,
To lay one in, another out to have.
Rom. I pray thee, chide not: she whom I love now
Doth grace for grace and love for love allow ;
The other did not so.
Fri. L. O, she knew well
Thy love did read by rote and could not spell.
But come, young waverer, come, go with me,
In one respect I'li thy assistant be ;
For this alliance may so happy prove,
To turn your households' rancour to pure love.
Rom. O, let us hence ; I stand on sudden haste. Fri. L. Wisely and slow : they stumble that run fast.

## Romeo and Juliet

## Scene IV.

$A$ street.
Enter Benvolio and Mercutio.
Mer. Where the devil should this Romeo be ?
Came he not home to-night?
Ben. Not to his father's; I spoke with his man.
Mer. Ah, that same pale hard-hearted wench, that Rosaline,
Torments him so that he will sure run mad.
Ben. Tybalt, the kinsman to old Capulet,
Hath sent a letter to his father's house.
Mer. A challenge, on my life.
Ben. Romeo will answer it.
Mer. Any man that can write may answer a letter.
Ben. Nay, he will answer the letter's master, how he dares, being dared.
Mer. Alas, poor Romeo, he is already dead! stabbed with a white wench's black eye ; shot thorough the ear with a love-song; the very pin of his heart cleft with the blind bow-boy's buttshaft : and is he a man to encounter Tybalt?
Ben. Why, what is Tybalt?
Mer. More than prince of cats, I can tell you. O,
he's the courageous captain of compliments. 20 He fights as you sing prick-song, keeps time, distance and proportion; rests me his minim rest, one, two, and the third in your bosom: the very butcher of a silk button, a duellist, a duellist; a gentleman of the very first house, of the first and second cause: ah, the immortal passado! the punto reverso! the hail!
Ben. The what?
Mer. The pox of such antic, lisping, affecting fantasticoes; these new tuners of accents! • By Jesu, a very good blade! a very tall man! a very good whore!' Why, is not this a lamentable thing, grandsire, that we should be thus afflicted with these strange flies, these fashionmongers, these perdona-mi's, who stand so much on the new form that they cannot sit at ease on the old bench ? O , their bones, their bones ! Enter Romeo.
Ben. Here comes Romeo, here comes Romeo.
Mer. Without his roe, like a dried herring: O flesh, flesh, how art thou fishified! Now is he for the numbers that Petrarch flowed in: Laura to his lady was but a kitchen-wench ; marry, she had a better love to be-rhyme her ; Dido, a dowdy;

Cleopatra, a gipsy; Helen and Hero, hildings and harlots; Thisbe, a grey eye or so, but not to the purpose. Signior Romeo, bon jour ! there's a French salutation to your French slop. You gave us the counterfeit fairly last night. Rom. Good morrow to you both. What counterfeit did I give you?
Mer. The slip, sir, the slip; can you not conceive?
Rom. Pardon, good Mercutio, my business was great; and in such a case as mine a man may strain courtesy.
Mer. That's as much as to say, Such a case as yours constrains a man to bow in the hams.
Rom. Meaning, to court'sy.
Mer. Thou hast most kindly hit it.
Rom. A most courteous exposition.
Mer. Nay, I am the very pink of courtesy.
Rom. Pink for flower.
Mer. Right.
Rom. Why, then is my pump well flowered.
Mer. Well said : follow me this jest now, till thou hast worn out thy pump, that, when the single sole of it is worn, the jest may remain, after the wearing, solely singular.

Act II. Sc. iv.

Rom. O single-soled jest, solely singular for the singleness!
Mer. Come between us, good Benvolio; my wits faint.
Rom. Switch and spurs, switch and spurs ; or I'll cry a match.
Mer. Nay, if thy wits run the wild-goose chase, I have done; for thou hast more of the wild-goose in one of thy wits than, I am sure, I have in my whole five: was I with you there for the goose?
Rom. Thou wast never with me for anything when thou wast not there for the goose.
Mer. I will bite thee by the ear for that jest.
Rom. Nay, good goose, bite not.
Mer. Thy wit is a very bitter sweeting ; it is a most sharp sauce.
Rom. And is it not well served in to a sweet goose?
Mer. O, here's a wit of cheveril, that stretches from an inch narrow to an ell broad!
Rom. I stretch it out for that word 'broad;' which added to the goose, proves thee far 90 and wide a broad goose.
Mer. Why, is not this better now than groaning for love? now art thou sociable, now art thou

## Romeo and Juliet

Romeo ; now art thou what thou art, by art as well as by nature: for this drivelling love is like a great natural, that runs lolling up and down to hide his bauble in a hole.
Ben. Stop there, stop there.
Mer. Thou desirest me to stop in my tale against the hair.
Ben. Thou wouldst else have made thy tale large.
Mer. O, thou art deceived; I would have made it short: for 1 was come to the whole depth of my tale, and meant indeed to occupy the argument no longer.
Rom. Here's goodly gear ! Enter Nurse and Peter.
Mer. A sail, a sail!
Ben. Two, two ; a shirt and a smock.
Nurse. Peter!
Peter. Anon?
Nurse. My fan, Peter.
Mer. Good Peter, to hide her face; for her fan's the fairer of the two.
Nurse. God ye good morrow, gentlemen. Mer. God ye good den, fair gentlewoman. Nurse. Is it good den ?

Mer. 'Wis no less, I tell you; for the bawdy hand of the dial is now upon the prick of noon.
Nurse. Out upon you! what a man are you!
Rom. One, gentlewoman, that God hath made himself to mar.
Nurse. By my troth, it is well said; 'for himself to mar,' quoth a'? Gentlemen, can any of you tell me where I may find the young Romeo?
Rom. I can tell you; but young Romeo will be older when you have found him than he was when you sought him : I am the youngest of that name, for fault of a worse.
Nurse. You say well.
Mere. Yea, is the worst well? very well took, i' faith; wisely, wisely.
Nurse. If you be he, sir, I desire some confidence with you.
Ben. She will indite him to some supper.
Mer. A bawd, a bawd, a bawd! So ho!
Rom. What hast thou found?
Ier. No hare, sir ; unless a hare, sir, in a lenten pie, that is something stale and hoar ere it be spent.

An old hare hoar,<br>And an old hare hoar,

## Romeo and Juliet

## Is very good meat in lent : <br> But a hare that is hoar, <br> Is too much for a score, <br> When it hoars ere it be spent.

Romeo, will you come to your father's? we'li to dinner thither.
Rom. I will follow you.
Ier. Farewell, ancient lady; farewell, [Singing] 150 'lady, lady, lady.'
[Exeunt Mercutio and Benvolio.
Nurse. Marry, farewell! I pray you, sir, what saucy merchant was this, that was so full of his popery?
Rom. A gentleman, nurse, that loves to hear himself talk, and will speak more in a minute than he will stand to in a month.
Nurse. An a' speak any thing against me, I'll take him down, an a' were lustier than he is, and twenty such Jacks; and if I cannot, I'll find 160 those that shall. Scurvy knave! I am none of his flirt-gills; I am none of his skains-mates. [Turning to Peter] And thou must stand by too, and suffer every knave to use me at his pleasure? Peter. I saw no man use you at his pleasure; if I had, my weapon should quickly have been out,

I warrant you: I dare draw as soon as another man, if I see occasion in a good quarrel and the law on my side.
Nurse. Now, afore God, I am so vexed that every 170 part about me quivers. Scurvy knave! Pray you, sir, a word : and as I told you, my young lady bade me inquire you out; what she bade me say, I will keep to myself: but first let me tell ye, if ye should lead her into a fool's paradise, as they say, it were a very gross kind of behaviour, as they say: for the gentlewoman is young, and therefore, if you should deal double with her, truly it were an ill thing to be offered to any gentlewoman, and very weak 180 dealing.
Rom. Nurse, commend me to thy lady and mistress. I protest unto thee-
Nurse. Good heart, and, 'i faith, I will tell her as much: Lord, Lord, she will be a joyful woman.
Rom. What wilt thou tell her, nurse? thou dost not mark me.
Nurse. I will tell her, sir, that you do protest; which, as I take it, is a gentlemanlike offer. 190 Rom. Bid her devise

## Romeo and Juliet

Some means to come to shrift this afternoon ; And there she shall at Friar Laurence' cell Be shrived and married. Here is for thy pains. Nurse. No, truly, sir ; not a penny. Rom. Go to; I say you shall. Nurse. This afternoon, sir? well, she shall be there.
Rom. And stay, good nurse, behind the abbey-wall : Within this hour my man shall be with thee, 200 And bring thee cords made like a tackled stair;
Which to the high top-gallant of my joy
Must be my convoy in the secret night.
Farewell ; be trusty, and I'll quit thy pains :
Farewell ; commend me to thy mistress.
Nurse. Now God in heaven bless thee! Hark you, sir. Rom. What say'st thou, my dear nurse ?
Nurse. Is your man secret? Did you ne'er hear say,
Two may keep counsel, putting one away ?
Rom. I wrarrant thee, my man's as true as steel.
2 IO Nurse. Well, sir ; my mistress is the sweetest lady -Lord, Lord! when 'twas a little prating thing- O , there is a nobleman in town, one Paris, that would fain lay knife aboard; but she, good soul, had as lieve see a toad, a very toad, as see him. I anger her sometimes, and
tell her that Paris is the properer man ; but, I'll warrant you, when I say so, she looks as pale as any clout in the versal world. Doth not rosemary and Romeo begin both with a letter? 220 Rom. Ay, nurse; what of that? both with an R.
Nurse. Ah, mocker! that's the dog's name; R is for the-No; I know it begins with some other letter-and she hath the prettiest sententious of it, of you and rosemary, that it would do you good to hear it.
Rom. Commend me to thy lady.
Nurse. Ay, a thousand times. [Exit Romeo.] Peter!
Pet. Anon?
Nurse. Peter, take my fan, and go before, and apace.
[Exeunt.

## Scene V.

## Capulet's orchard. <br> Enter Juliet.

Jul. The clock struck nine when I did send the nurse ;
In half an hour she promised to return.
Perchance she cannot meet him : that's not so.

O, she is lame! love's heralds should be thoughts, Which ten times faster glide than the sun's beams,
Driving back shadows over louring hills:
Therefore do nimble-pinion'd doves draw love,
And therefore hath the wind-swift Cupid wings.
Now is the sun upon the highmost hill
Of this day's journey, and from nine till twelve 10
Is three long hours; yet she is not come.
Had she affections and warm youthful blood,
She would be as swift in motion as a ball;
My words would bandy her to my sweet love,
And his to me:
But old folks, many feign as they were dead; Unwieldy, slow, heavy and pale as lead.

## Enter Nurse, with Peter.

O God, she comes! O honey nurse, what news?
Hast thou met with him? Send thy man away.
Nurse. Peter, stay at the gate. [Exit Peter. 20 Jul. Now, good sweet nurse, - O Lord, why look'st thou sad?
Though news be sad, yet tell them merrily ;
If good, thou shamest the music of sweet news
By playing it to me with so sour a face.
Nurse. I am a-weary ; give me leave awhile.

## Act II. Sc. v.

Fie, how my bones ache! what a jaunce have I had! Jul. I would thou hadst my bones and I thy news : Nay, come, I pray thee, speak ; good, good nurse, speak.
Nurse. Jesu, what haste ? can you not stay a while ?
Do you not see that I am out of breath ?
Jul. How art thou out of breath, when thou hast breath To say to me that thou art out of breath ? The excuse that thou dost make in this delay
Is longer than the tale thou dost excuse.
Is thy news good, or bad? answer to that ; Say either, and I'll stay the circumstance: Let me be satisfied, is 't good or bad ?
Nurse. Well, you have made a simple choice; you know not how to choose a man : Romeo! no, not he ; though his face be better than any man's, 40 yet his leg excels all men's; and for a hand, and a foot, and a body, though they be not to be talked on, yet they are past compare : he is not the flower of courtesy, but, I'll warrant him, as gentle as a lamb. Go thy ways, wench ; serve God. What, have you dined at home ?
Jul. No, no: but all this did I know before. What says he of our marriage? what of that ?
Nurse.-Lord, how my head aches! what a head have I!

## Romeo and Juliet

It beats as it would fall in twenty pieces. 50 My back o' $t$ ' other side, -ah, my back, my back! Beshrew your heart for sending me about, To catch my death with jauncing up and down!
$J u l$. I' faith, I am sorry that thou art not well. Sweet, sweet, sweet nurse, tell me, what says my love?
Nurse. Your love says, like an honest gentleman, and a courteous, and a kind, and a handsome, and, I warrant, a virtuous,-Where is your mother ?
Jul. Where is my mother! why, she is within; 60 Where should she be? How oddly thou repliest ! - Your love says, like an honest gentleman, Where is your mother ?'
Nurse.
O Gods lady dear !

Are you so hot? marry, come up, I trow ; Is this the poultice for my aching bones? Henceforward do your messages yourself.
Jul. Here's such a coil! come, what says Romeo? Nurse. Have you got leave to go to shrift to-day? Jul. I have.
Nurse. Then hie you hence to Friar Laurence' cell ; $7 \circ$
There stays a husband to make you a wife :
Now comes the wanton blood up in your cheeks,

## Act II. Sc. vi.

They'll be in scarlet straight at any news. Hie you to church; I must another way, To fetch a ladder, by the which your love Must climb a bird's nest soon when it is dark; I am the drudge, and toil in your delight; But you shall bear the burthen soon at night. Go; I'll to dinner ; hie you to the cell. Jul. Hie to high fortune! Honest nurse, farewell. 80

## Scene VI.

Friar Laurence's cell. Enter Friar Laurence and Romeo.

Fri. L. So smile the heavens upon this holy act That after-hours with sorrow chide us not!
Rom. Amen, amen! but come what sorrow can,
It cannot countervail the exchange of joy
That one short minute gives me in her sight:
Do thou but close our hands with holy words,
Then love-devouring death do what he dare, It is enough I may but call her mine.
Fri. L. These violent delights have violent ends, And in their triumph die; like fire and powder 10

Which as they kiss consume : the sweetest honey
Is loathsome in his own deliciousness,
And in the taste confounds the appetite :
Therefore, love moderately ; long love doth so;
Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow.

## Enter Juliet.

Here comes the lady. O, so light a foot Will ne'er wear out the everlasting flint.
A lover may bestride the gossamer
That idles in the wanton summer air,
And yet not fall ; so light is vanity.
Jul. Good even to my ghostly confessor.
Fri. L. Romeo shall thank thee, daughter, for us both. Jul. As much to him, else is his thanks too much.
Rom. Ah, Juliet, if the measure of thy joy
Be heap'd like mine, and that thy skill be more
To blazon it, then sweeten with thy breath
This neighbour air, and let rich music's tongue
Unfold the imagined happiness that both
Receive in either by this dear encounter.
Jul. Conceit, more rich in matter than in words,
Brags of his substance, not of ornament :
They are but beggars that can count their worth;
But my true love is grown to such excess,
$28 e$
65

I cannot sum up sum of half niy wealth.
Fri. L. Come, come with me, and we will make short work ;
For, by your leaves, you shall not stay alone
Till holy church incorporate two in one. [Exeunt.

## Act Third <br> $$
\text { Scene } 1
$$

A public place.
Enter Mercutio, Benvolio, Page, and Servants.
Ben. I pray thee, good Mercutio, let's retire :
The day is hot, the Capulets abroad,
And, if we meet, we shall not 'scape a brawl;
For now these hot days is the mad blood stirring.
Mer. Thou art like one of those fellows that when
he enters the confines of a tavern claps me his sword upon the table, and says 'God send me no need of thee!' and by the operation of the second cup draws it on the drawer, when indeed there is no need.
Ben. Am I like such a fellow?

Mer. Come, come, thou art as hot a Jack in thy mood as any in Italy, and as soon moved to be moody, and as soon moody to be moved.

## Ben. And what to?

Mer. Nay, an there were two such, we should have none shortly, for one would kill the other. Thou! why, thou wilt quarrel with a man that hath a hair more, or a hair less, in his beard than thou hast : thou wilt quarrel with a man for cracking nuts, having no other reason but because thou hast hazel eyes; what eye, but such an eye, would spy out such a quarrel ? thy head is as full of quarrels as an egg is full of meat, and yet thy head hath been beaten as addle as an egg for quarrelling: thou hast quarrelled with a man for coughing in the street, because he hath wakened thy dog that hath lain asleep in the sun: didst thou not fall out with a tailor for wearing his new doublet 30 before Easter? with another, for tying his new shoes with old riband? and yet thou wilt tutor me from quarrelling!
Ben. An I were so apt to quarrel as thou art, any man should buy the fee-simple of my life for an hour and a quarter.

Mer. The fee-simple! O simple!

## Enter Tybalt and others.

Ben. By my head, here come the Capulets.
Mer. By my heel, I care not.
Tyb. Follow me close, for I will speak to them.
Gentlemen, good den : a word with one of you.
Mer. And but one word with one of us? couple it with something; make it a word and a blow.
Tyb. You shall find me apt enough to that, sir, an you will give me occasion.
Mer. Could you not take some occasion without giving?
Tyb. Mercutio, thou consort'st with Romeo,-
Mer. Consort! what, dost thou make us minstrels ? an thou make minstrels of us, look to hear noth- 50 ing but discords : here's my fiddlestick ; here's that shall make you dance. 'Zounds, consort!
Ben. We talk here in the public haunt of men:
Either withdraw into some private place,
Or reason coldly of your grievances,
Or else depart ; here all eyes gaze on us.
Mer. Men's eyes were made to look, and let them gaze;
I will not budge for no man's pleasure. I.

## $\frac{\text { Romeo and Juliet }}{\approx}$

Tyb. Well, peace be with you, sir: here comes my man. Mer. But I'll be hang'd, sir, if he wear your livery: 60 Marry, go before to field, he'll be your follower; Your worship in that sense may call him man. Tyb. Romeo, the love I bear thee can afford No better term than this,-thou art a villain. Rom. Tybalt, the reason that I have to love thee

Doth much excuse the appertaining rage
To such a greeting: villain am I none;
Therefore farewell; I see thou know'st me not.
Tyb. Boy, this shall not excuse the injuries
That thou hast done me ; therefore turn and draw.
Rom. I do protest, I never injured thee,
But love thee better than thou canst devise Till thou shalt know the reason of my love : And so, good Capulet,-which name I tender As dearly as mine own,-be satisfied.

## Mer. O calm, dishonourable, vile submission!

Alla stoccata carries it away.
[Draws. Tybalt, you rat-catcher, will you walk?
Tyb. What wouldst thou have with me?
Mer. Good king of cats, nothing but one of your 80 nine lives, that I mean to make bold withal, and, as you shall use me hereafter, dry-beat the

## Act III. Sc. i.

rest of the eight. Will you pluck your sword out of his pilcher by the ears? make haste, lest mine be about your ears ere it be out.

## Ty. I am for you.

[Drawing.
Rom. Gentle Mercutio, put thy rapier up.
Mer. Come, sir, your passado. [They fight.
Rom. Draw, Benvolio ; beat down their weapons.
Gentlemen, for shame, forbear this outrage!
Tybalt, Mercutio, the prince expressly hath Forbid this bandying in Verona streets: Hold, Tybalt! good Mercutio!
[Tybalt under Romeo's arm stabs Mercutio and flies with his followers.
Mar. I am hurt;
A plague o' both your houses! I am sped:
Is he gone, and hath nothing?
Ben.
What, art thou hurt?
Mer. Ay, ay, a scratch, a scratch; marry, 'tic enough. Where is my page? Go, villain, fetch a surgeon.
[Exit Page.

Rom. Courage, man ; the hurt cannot be much. Mer. No, 'tic not so deep as a well, nor so wide as a church-door; but 'tic enough, 'twill serve : 100 ask for me to-morrow, and you shall find me a grave man. I am peppered, I warrant, for this 70
world. A plague o' both your houses ! 'Zounds, a dog, a rat, a mouse, a cat, to scratch a man to death! a braggart, a rogue, a villain, that fights by the book of arithmetic! Why the devil came you between us? I was hurt under your arm.
Rom. I thought all for the best.
Mer. Help me into some house, Benvolio,
110
Or I shall faint. A plague o' both your houses !
They have made worms' meat of me: I have it, And soundly too: your houses!
[Exeunt Mercutio and Benvolio.
Rom. This gentleman, the prince's near ally,
My very friend, hath got this mortal hurt
In my behalf; my reputation stain'd
With Tybalt's slander,-Tybalt, that an hour
Hath been my kinsman: O sweet Juliet,
Thy beauty hath made me effeminate,
And in my temper soften'd valour's steel !

## Re-enter Benvolio.

Ben. O Romeo, Romeo, brave Mercutio's dead! That gallant spirit hath aspired the clouds, Which too untimely here did scorn the earth.
Rom. This day's black fate on more days doth depend;

This but begins the woe others must end.
Re-enter Tybalt.

Ben. Here comes the furious Tybalt back again.
Rom. Alive, in triumph! and Mercutio slain!
Away to heaven, respective lenity,
And fire-eyed fury be my conduct now!
Now, Tybalt, take the 'villain' back again 130
That late thou gavest me ; for Mercutio's soul
Is but a little way above our heads,
Staying for thine to keep him company :
Either thou, or I, or both, must go with him.
Tyb. Thou, wretched boy, that didst consort him here, Shalt with him hence.
Rom.
This shall determine that.
[They fight; Tybalt falls.
Ben. Romeo, away, be gone!
The citizens are up, and Tybalt slain:
Stand not amazed: the prince will doom thee death
If thou art taken : hence, be gone, away! 140
Rom. O, I am fortune's fool!
Ben.
Why dost thou stay?
[Exit Romeo.
Enter Citizens, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$.
First Cit. Which way ran he that kill'd Mercutio ?

## Romeo and Juliet

Tybalt, that murderer, which way ran he ? Ben. There lies that Tybalt. First Cii.

Up, sir, go with me;
I charge thee in the prince's name, obey.
Enter Prince, attended; Montague, Capulet, their Wives, and others.
Prin. Where are the vile beginners of this fray? Ben. O noble prince, I can discover all

The unlucky manage of this fatal brawl:
There lies the man. slain by young Romeo,
That slew thy kinsman, brave Mercutio.
La Cap. Tybalt, my cousin! O my brother's child! O prince! O cousin! husband! O , the blood is spilt Of my dear kinsman! Prince, as thou art true, For blood of ours, shed blood of Montague.
O cousin, cousin!
Prin. Benvolio, who began this bloody fray? Ben. Tybalt, here slain, whom Romeo's hand did slay; Romeo that spoke him fair, bid him bethink How nice the quarrel was, and urged withal Your high displeasure : all this uttered 160 With gentle breath, calm look, knees humbly bow'd, Could not take truce with the unruly spleen Of Tybalt deaf to peace, but that he tilts

With prercing steel at bold Mercutio's breast; Who, all as hot, turns deadly point to point, And, with a martial scorn, with one hand beats Cold death aside, and with the other sends It back to Tybalt, whose dexterity Retorts it: Romeo he cries aloud,
'Hold, friends! friends, part!' and, swifter than his tongue,
His agile arm beats down their fatal points, And 'twixt them rushes; underneath whose arm An envious thrust from Tybalt hit the life Of stout Mercutio, and then Tybalt fled : But by and by comes back to Romeo, Who had but newly entertain'd revenge, And to 't they go like lightning: for, ere I Could draw to part them, was stout Tybalt slain ; And, as he fell, did Romeo turn and fly; This is the truth, or let Benvolio die. La Cap. He is a kinsman to the Montague, Affection makes him false, he speaks not true: Some twenty of them fought in this black strife, And all those twenty could but kill one life. I beg for justice, which thou, prince, must give ; Romeo slew Tybalt, Romeo must not live.

## Prin. Romeo slew him, he slew Mercutio ;

## Romeo and Juliet

Who now the price of his dear blood doth owe? Mon. Not Romeo, prince, he was Mercutio's friend;

His fault concludes but what the law should end, 190 The life of Tybalt.

## Prin.

And for that offence
Immediately we do exile him hence :
I have an interest in your hate's proceeding,
My blood for your rude brawls doth lie a-bleeding;
But I'll amerce you with so strong a fine,
That you shall all repent the loss of mine :
I will be deaf to pleading and excuses;
Nor tears nor prayers shall purchase out abuses:
Therefore use none : let Romeo hence in haste,
Else, when he's found, that hour is his last. 200
Bear hence this body, and attend our will :
Mercy but murders, pardoning those that kill.
[Exeunt.

## Scene II.

## Capulet's orchard. Enter Juliet.

Jul. Gallop apace, you fiery-footed steeds, 'Towards Phœbus' lodging : such a waggoner

As Phaethon would whip you to the west, And bring in cloudy night immediately.
Spread thy close curtain, love-performing night,
That runaways' eyes may wink, and Romeo Leap to these arms, untalk'd of and unseen.
Lovers can see to do their amorous rites
By their own beauties ; or, if love be blind,
It best agrees with night. Come, civil night, 10
Thou sober-suited matron, all in black,
And learn me how to lose a winning match, Play'd for a pair of stainless maidenhoods : Hood my unmann'd blood bating in my cheeks With thy black mantle, till strange love grown bold Think true love acted simple modesty.
Come, night, come, Romeo, come, thou day in night ;
For thou wilt lie upon the wings of night Whiter than new snow on a raven's back.
Come, gentle night, come, loving, black-brow'd night, Give me my Romeo ; and, when he shall die, 21 Take him and cut him out in little stars, And he will make the face of heaven so fine, That all the world will be in love with night, And pay no worship to the garish sun.
O, I have bought the mansion of a love, But not possess'd it, and, though I am sold,

## Romeo and Juliet

Not yet enjoy'd ; so tedious is this day
As is the night before some festival
To an impatient child that hath new robes 30 And may not wear them. O, here comes my nurse, And she brings news, and every tongue that speaks But Romeo's name speaks heavenly eloquence.

## Enter Nurse, with cords.

Now, nurse, what news? What hast thou there? the cords
That Romeo bid thee fetch ?
Nurse.
Ay, ay, the cords.
[Throws them down.
Jul. Ay me! what news? why dost thou wring thy hands?
Nurse. Ah, well-ä-day! he's dead, he's dead, he's dead.
We are undone, lady, we are undone.
Alack the day! he's gone, he 's kill'd, he's dead.
Jul. Can heaven be so envious?

Though heaven cannot. O Romeo, Romeo! Who ever would have thought it ? Romeo!
Jul. What devil art thou that dost torment me thus? This torture should be roar'd in dismal hell.

Hath Romeo slain himself? say thou but 'I,' And that bare vowel 'I' shall poison more Than the death-darting eye of cockatrice : I am not $I$, if there be such an $I$,
Or those eyes shut, that make thee answer ' I.' If he be slain, say ' I ;' or if not, no :
Brief sounds determine of my weal or woe.
Nurse. I saw the wound, I saw it with mine eyes-
God save the mark !-here on his manly breast:
A piteous corse, a bloody piteous corse ;
Pale, pale as ashes, all bedaub'd in blood,
All in gore blood: I swounded at the sight.
Jul. O, break, my heart! poor bankrupt, break at once!
To prison, eyes, ne'er look on liberty!
Vile earth, to earth resign, end motion here,
And thou and Romeo press one heavy bier !
Nurse. O Tybalt, Tybalt, the best friend I had!
O courteous Tybalt! honest gentleman!
That ever I should live to see thee dead!
Jul. What storm is this that blows so contrary?
Is Romeo slaughter'd, and is Tybalt dead ?
My dear-loved cousin, and my dearer lord ?
Then, dreadful trumpet, sound the general doom!
For who is living, if those two are gone ?
Nurse. Tybalt is gone, and Romeo banished;

## Romeo and Juliet

Romeo that kill'd him, he is banished. 70 Jul. O God! did Romeo's hand shed Tybalt's blood? Nurse. It did, it did ; alas the day, it did! Jul. O serpent heart, hid with a flowering face!

Did ever dragon keep so fair a cave?
Beautiful tyrant! fiend angelical!
Dove-feather'd raven! wolvish-ravening lamb!
Despised substance of divinest show !
Just opposite to what thou justly seem'st,
A damned saint, an honourable villain!
O nature, what hadst thou to do in hell,
When thou didst bower the spirit of a fiend
In mortal paradise of such sweet flesh ?
Was ever book containing such vile matter So fairly bound? O, that deceit should dwell
In such a gorgeous palace!
No fath, no honesty in men ; all perjured, All forsworn, all naught, all dissemblers.
Ah, where's my man? give me some aqua vitæ:
These griefs, these woes, these sorrows make me old. Shame come to Romeo !
Jul.
Blister'd be thy tongue 90
For such a wish! he was not born to shame:
Upon his brow shame is ashamed to sit;

For 'tis a throne where honour may be crown'd Sole monarch of the universal earth.
O, what a beast was I to chide at him!
Nurse. Will you speak well of him that kill'd your cousin? Jul. Shall I speak ill of him that is my husband ?

Ah, poor my lord, what tongue shall smooth thy name,
When I, thy three-hours wife, have mangled it? But wherefore, villain, didst thou kill my cousin ? That villain cousin would have kill'd my husband: Back, foolish tears, back to your native spring; Your tributary drops belong to woe, Which you mistaking offer up to joy.
My husband lives, that Tybalt would have slain; And Tybalt's dead, that would have slain my husband:
All this is comfort ; wherefore weep I then ? Some word there was, worser than Tybalt's death, That murder'd me : I would forget it fain; But, O, it presses to my memory,
Like damned guilty deeds to sinners' minds :
' Tybalt is dead, and Romeo banished;'
That ' banished,' that one word 'banished,'
Hath slain ten thousand Tybalts. Tybalt's death Was woe enough, if it had ended there :

## Romeo and Juliet

Or, if sour woe delights in fellowship,
And needly will be rank'd with other griefs, Why follow'd not, when she said 'Tybalt's dead,'
Thy father, or thy mother, nay, or both,
Which modern lamentation might have moved? 120
But with a rear-ward following Tybalt's death,
' Romeo is banished:' to speak that word,
Is father, mother, Tybalt, Romeo, Juliet,
All slain, all dead. 'Romeo is banished.'
There is no end, no limit, measure, bound,
In that word's death; no words can that woe sound.
Where is my father, and my mother, nurse ?
Nurse. Weeping and wailing over Tybalt's corse:
Will you go to them? I will bring you thither.
Jul. Wash they his wounds with tears: mine shall be spent,

130
When theirs are dry, for Romeo's banishment.
Take up those cords: poor ropes, you are beguiled,
Both you and I; for Romeo is exiled:
He made you for a highway to my bed;
But I, a maid, die maiden-widowed.
Come, cords; come, nurse; I'll to my weddingbed;
And death, not Romeo, take my maidenhead! ${ }^{28} f \quad{ }^{8!}$

Nurse. Hie to your chamber: I'll find Romeo To comfort you: I wot well where he is. Hark ye, your Romeo will be here at night : 140 I'll to him; he is hid at Laurence' cell.
Jul. O, find him! give this ring to my true knight, And bid him come to take his last farewell.
[Exeunt.

## Scene III

## Friar Laurence's cell. <br> Enter Friar Laurence.

Fri. L. Romeo, come forth; come forth, thou fearful man:
Afliction is enamour'd of thy parts, And thou art wedded to calamity.

## Enter Romeo.

Rom. Father, what news? what is the prince's doom?
What sorrow craves acquaintance at my hand, That I yet know not?

## Fri. L.

Too familiar
Is my dear son with such sour company :
I bring thee tidings of the prince's doom.
Rom. What less than dooms-day is the prince's doom?

Fri. L. A gentler judgement vanish'd from his lips, 10 Not body's death, but body's banishment. Rom. Ha, banishment! be merciful, say 'death;'

For exile hath more terror in his look,
Much more than death : do not say 'banishment.'
Fri. L. Here from Verona art thou banished :
Be patient, for the world is broad and wide.
Rom. There is no world without Verona walls,
But purgatory, torture, hell itself.
Hence banished is banish'd from the world, And world's exile is death : then 'banished'
Is death mis-term'd : calling death 'banished,'
Thou cut'st my head off with a golden axe,
And smilest upon the stroke that murders me.
Fri. L. O deadly sin! O rude unthankfulness!
Thy fault our law calls death; but the kind prince,
Taking thy part, hath rush'd aside the law,
And turn'd that black word death to banishment:
This is dear mercy, and thou seest it not.
Rom. 'Tis torture, and not mercy: heaven is here,
Where Juliet lives ; and every cat and dog 30
And little mouse, every unworthy thing,
Live here in heaven and may look on her,
But Romeo may not: more validity,
More honourable state, more courtship lives

In carrion-flies than Romeo : they may seize On the white wonder of dear Juliet's hand, And steal immortal blessing from her lips ; Who, even in pure and vestal modesty, Still blush, as thinking their own kisses sin ;
But Romeo may not ; he is banished :
This may flies do, but I from this must fly:
They are free men, but I am banished :
And say'st thou yet, that exile is not death ?
Hadst thou no poison mix'd, no sharp-ground knife,
No sudden mean of death, though ne'er so mean,
But 'banished' to kill me ?-_Banished'?
O friar, the damned use that word in hell;
Howling attends it: how hast thou the heart,
Being a divine, a ghostly confessor,
A sin-absolver, and my friend profess'd,
To mangle me with that word 'banished'?
Fri, L. 'Thou fond mad man, hear me but speak a word. Rom. O, thou wilt speak again of banishment. Fri. L. I'll give thee armour to keep off that word ;

Adversity's sweet milk, philosophy,
To comfort thee, though thou art banished.
Rom. Yet 'banished'? Hang up philosophy!
Unless philosophy can make a Juliet,
Displant a town, reverse a prince's doom,

It helps not, it prevails not : talk no more. 60 Fri. L. O, then I see that madmen have no ears. Rom. How should they, when that wise men have no eyes?
Fri. L. Let me dispute with thee of thy estate.
Rom. Thou canst not speak of that thou dost not feel :
Wert thou as young as I, Juliet thy love,
An hour but married, Tybalt murdered,
Doting like me, and like me banished,
Then mightst thou speak, then mightst thou tear thy hair,
And fall upon the ground, as I do now, Taking the measure of an unmade grave.

Fri. L. Arise; one knocks; good Romeo, hide thyself. Rom. Not I; unless the breath of heart-sick groans Mist-like infold me from the search of eyes. [Knocking.
Fri. L. Hark, how they knock! Who's there ? Romeo, arise ;
Thou wilt be taken.-Stay awhile !-Stand up;
[Knocking.
Run to my study.-By and by !-God's will, What simpleness is this!-I come, I come!
[Knocking.

Who knocks so hard? whence come you? what's your will?
Nurse. [Witbin] Let ine come in, and you shall know my errand;
I come from Lady Juliet.
Fri. L.
Welcome, then.

## Enter Nurse.

Nurse. O holy friar, O, tell me, holy friar,
Where is my lady's lord, where's Romeo ?
Fri. L. There on the ground, with his own tears made drunk.
Nurse. O, he is even in my mistress' case,
Just in her case!
Fri. L. O woeful sympathy!
Piteous predicament!
Nurse.
Even so lies she,
Blubbering and weeping, weeping and blubbering. Stand up, stand up; stand, an you be a man :
For Juliet's sake, for her sake, rise and stand;
Why should you fall into so deep an O ?
Rom. Nurse !
Nurse. Ah sir! ah sir! Well, death's the end of all. Rom. Spakest thou of Juliet? how is it with her ?

Doth she not think me an old murderer,

## Romeo and Juliet

Now I have stain'd the childhood of our joy With blood removed but little from her own? Where is she? and how doth she? and what says My conceal'd lady to our cancell'd love ?
Nurse. O, she says nothing, sir, but weeps and weeps;
And now falls on her bed; and then starts up, 100 And Tybalt calls ; and then on Romeo cries, And then down falls again.
Rom. As if that name,
Shot from the deadly level of a gun,
Did murder her, as that name's cursed hand Murder'd her kinsman. O, tell me, friar, tell me,
In what vile part of this anatomy
Doth my name lodge? tell me, that I may sack The hateful mansion. [Drawing bis sword.
Fri. L. Hold thy desperate hand:
Art thou a man? thy form cries out thou art :
Thy tears are womanish; thy wild acts denote 110
The unreasonable fury of a beast:
Unseemly woman in a seeming man!
Or ill-beseeming beast in seeming both !
Thou hast amazed me : by my holy order,
I thought thy disposition better temper'd.
Hast thou slain Tybalt? wilt thou slay thyself? And slay thy lady that in thy life lives,

By doing damned hate upon thyself?
Why rail'st thou on thy birth, the heaven and earth ? Since birth and heaven and earth, all three do meet In thee at once, which thou at once wouldst lose. I2 I Fie, fie, thou shamest thy shape, thy love, thy wit; Which, like a usurer, abound'st in all,
And usest none in that true use indeed Which should bedeck thy shape, thy love, thy wit: Thy noble shape is but a form of wax, Digressing from the valour of a man; Thy dear love sworn, but hollow perjury, Killing that love which thou hast vow'd to cherish; Thy wit, that ornament to shape and love, I3O Mis-shapen in the conduct of them both, Like powder in a skilless soldier's flask, Is set a-fire by thine own ignorance, And thou dismember'd with thine own defence. What, rouse thee, man! thy Juliet is alive, For whose dear sake thou wast but lately dead; There art thou happy: Tybalt would kill thee, But thou slew'st Tybalt ; there art thou happy too: The law, that threaten'd death, becomes thy friend, And turns it to exile ; there art thou happy: 140 A pack of blessings lights upon thy back;
Happiness courts thee in her best array ;

## Romeo and Juliet

But, like a misbehaved and sullen wench, Thou pout'st upon thy fortune and thy love: Take heed, take heed, for such die miserable. Go, get thee to thy love, as was decreed, Ascend her chamber, hence and comfort her :
But look thou stay not till the watch be set,
For then thou canst not pass to Mantua ;
Where thou shalt live till we can find a time 150 To blaze your marriage, reconcile your friends, Beg pardon of the prince, and call thee back With twenty hundred thousand times more joy Than thou went'st forth in lamentation.
Go before, nurse : commend me to thy lady, And bid her hasten all the house to bed, Which heavy sorrow makes them apt unto: Romeo is coming.
Nurse. O Lord, I could have stay'd here all the night
To hear good counsel : O , what learning is! 160 My lord, I'll tell my lady you will come.
Rom. Do so, and bid my sweet prepare to chide. Nurse. Here, sir, a ring she bid me give you, sir :

Hie you, make haste, for it grows very late. [Exit. Rom. How well my comfort is revived by this!
Fri. Go hence; good night; and here stands all your state :

## Act III. Sc. iv.

Either be gone before the watch be set,
Or by the break of day disguised from hence :
Sojourn in Mantua ; I'll find out your man,
And he shall signify from time to time
Every good hap to you that chances here :
Give me thy hand ; 'tis late: farewell ; good night..
Rom. But that a joy past joy calls out on me,
It were a grief, so brief to part with thee :
Farewell.
[Exeunt.

## Scenc IV.

## A room in Capulet's bouse.

> Enter Capulet, Lady Capulet, and Paris.

Cap. Things have fall'n out, sir, so unluckily,
That we have had no time to move our daughter.
Look you, she loved her kinsman Tybalt dearly,
And so did I. Well, we were born to die.
'Tis very late; she'll not come down to-night :
I promise you, but for your company,
I would have been a-bed an hour ago.
Par. These times of woe afford no time to woo.
Madam, good night : commend me to your daughter.

La. Cap. I will, and know her mind early to-morrow ; To-night she's mew'd up to her heaviness. I I
Cap. Sir Paris, I will make a desperate tender
Of my child's love : I think she will be ruled
In all respects by me; nay more, I doubt it not.
Wife, go you to her ere you go to bed;
Acquaint her here of my son Paris' love;
And bid her, mark you me, on Wednesday next-
But, soft! what day is this?
Par.
Monday, my lord.
Cap. Monday! ha, ha! Well, Wednesday is too soon; O' Thursday let it be : o' Thursday, tell her, 20 She shall be married to this noble earl.
Will you be ready? do you like this haste ?
We'll keep no great ado ; a friend or two;
For, hark you, Tybalt being slain so late,
It may be thought we held him carelessly,
Being our kinsman, if we revel much :
Therefore we'll have some half-a-dozen friends, And there an end. But what say you to Thursday?
Par. My lord, I would that Thursday were to-morrow.
Cap. Well, get you gone : o' Thursday be it then. 30
Go you to Juliet ere you go to bed,
Prepare her, wife, against this wedding-day.
Farewell, my lord. Light to my chamber, ho !

Afore me, it is so very very late,
That we may call it early by and by :
Good night.
[Exeunt.

## Scene V.

## Capulet's orchard.

Enter Romeo and Juliet, above, at the window.
Jul. Wilt thou be gone? it is not yet near day :
It was the nightingale, and not the lark,
That pierced the fearful hollow of thine ear ;
Nightly she sings on yon pomegranate-tree :
Believe me, love, it was the nightingale.
Rom. It was the lark, the herald of the morn,
No nightingale: look, love, what envious streaks
Do lace the severing clouds in yonder east :
Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day
Stands tiptoe on the misty mountain tops:
I must be gone and live, or stay and die.
$J u l$. Yod light is not day-light, I know it, I :
It is some meteor that the sun exhales,
To be to thee this night a torch-bearer,
And light thee on thy way to Mantua:
Therefore stay yet; thou need'st not to be gone.

Rom. Let me be ta'en, let me be put to death ;
I am content, so thou wilt have it so.
I'll say yon grey is not the morning's eye, 'Tis but the pale reflex of Cynthia's brow;

20
Nor that is not the lark, whose notes do heat The vaulty heaven so high above our heads :
I have more care to stay than will to go:
Come, death, and welcome! Juliet wills it so.
How is't, my soul? let's talk : it is not day.
Jul. It is, it is : hie hence, be gone, away !
It is the lark that sings so out of tune,
Straining harsh discords and unpleasing sharps. Some say the lark makes sweet division;
This doth not so, for she divideth us: 30
Some say the lark and loathed toad change eyes ;
O, now I would they had changed voices too!
Since arm from arm that voice doth us affray, Hunting thee hence with hunts-up to the day.
O, now be gone ; more light and light it grows. ? Rom. More light and light: more dark and dark our woes!)

## Enter Nurse, to the chamber.

Nurse. Madam!
Jul. Nurse?
Nurse. Your lady mother is coming to your chamber:

The day is broke ; be wary, look about. [Exit. 40 Jul. Then, window, let day in, and let life out. Rom. Farewell, farewell! one kiss, and I'll descend.
[Descends.
Jul. Art thou gone so ? my lord, my love, my friend!
I must hear from thee every day in the hour,
For in a minute there are many days:
O, by this count I shall be much in years Ere I again behold my Romeo!
Rom. Farewell!
I will omit no opportunity
That may convey my greetings, love, to thee. 50 Jul. O, think'st thou we shall ever meet again? Rom. I doubt it not; and all these woes shall serve For sweet discourses in our time to come. Jul. O God! I have an ill-divining soul.

Methinks I see thee, now thou art below, As one dead in the bottom of a tomb: Either my eyesight fails or thou look'st pale. Rom. And trust me, love, in my eye so do you: Dry sorrow drinks our blood. Adieu, adieu ! [Exit. Jul. O fortune, fortune! all men call thee fickle: 60 If thou art fickle, what dost thou with him That is renown'd for faith? Be fickle, fortune; For then, I hope, thou wilt not keep him long,

## Romeo and Juliet

But send him back.
La. Cap. [Within] Ho, daughter! are you up? Jul. Who is't that calls? it is my lady mother !

Is she not down so late, or up so early?
What unaccustom'd cause procures her hither ?

## Enter Lady Capulet.

La. Cap. Why, how now, Juliet!
Jul. Madam, I am not well.
La. Cap. Evermore weeping for your cousin's death ? 70 What, wilt thou wash him from his grave with tears? An if thou couldst, thou couldst not make him live; Therefore have done : some grief shows much of love, But much of grief shows still some want of wit. Jul. Yet let me weep for such a feeling loss. La. Cap. So shall you feel the loss, but not the friend Which you weep for.
Jul.
Feeling so the loss,
I cannot choose but ever weep the friend.
La. Cap. Well, girl, thou weep'st not so much for his death
As that the villain lives which slaughter'd him. 80 Jul. What villain, madam ?
La. Cap. That same villain, Romeo.
Jul. [Aside] Villain and he be many miles asunder.

## Act III. Sc. v.

God pardon him! I do, with all my heart;
And yet no man like he doth grieve my heart.
La. Cap. That is because the traitor murderer lives. Jul. Ay, madam, from the reach of these my hands : Would none but I might venge my cousin's death ! La. Cap. We will have vengeance for it, fear thou not: Then weep no more. I'll send to one in Mantua, Where that same banish'd runagate doth live, 90
Shall give him such an unaccustom'd dram That he shall soon keep Tybalt company : And then, I hope, thou wilt be satisfied. Jul. Indeed, I never shall be satisfied With Romeo, till I behold him-deadIs my poor heart so for a kinsman vex'd. Madam, if you could find out but a man To bear a poison, I would temper it, That Romeo should, upon receipt thereof, Soon sleep in quiet. O, how my heart abhors 100 To hear him named, and cannot come to him, To wreak the love I bore my cousin Upon his body that hath slaughter'd him! La. Cap. Find thou the means, and I'll find such a man. But now I'll tell thee joyful tidings, girl. Jul. And joy comes well in such a needy time: What are they, I beseech your ladyship?

## Romeo and Juliet

La. Cap. Well, well, thou hast a careful father, child;
One who, to put thee from thy heaviness,
Hath sorted out a sudden day of joy, 110
That thou expect'st not, nor I look'd not for.
Jul. Madam, in happy time, what day is that?
La. Cap. Marry, my child, early next Thursday morn,
The gallant, young, and noble gentleman,
The County Paris, at Saint Peter's Church,
Shall happily make thee there a joyful bride.
Jul. Now, by Saint Peter's Church, and Peter too,
He shall not make me there a joyful bride.
I wonder at this haste ; that I must wed
Ere he that should be husband comes to woo. 120
I pray you, tell my lord and father, madam,
I will not marry yet ; and, when I do, I swear,
It shall be Romeo, whom you know I hate,
Rather than Paris. These are news indeed!
La. Cap. Here comes your father ; tell him so yourself, And see how he will take it at your hands.

## Enter Capulet and Nurse.

Cap. When the sun sets, the air doth drizzle dew;
But for the sunset of my brother's son
It rains downright.
How now! a conduit, girl ? what, still in tears ? ${ }^{28} g$

Evermore showering? In one little body
131
Thou counterfeit'st a bark, a sea, a wind:
For still thy eyes, which I may call the sea,
Do ebb and flow with tears; the bark thy body is, Sailing in this salt flood; the winds, thy sighs;
Who raging with thy tears, and they with them,
Without a sudden calm will overset
Thy tempest-tossed body. How now, wife! Have you deliver'd to her our decree?
La. Cap. Ay, sir ; but she will none, she gives you thanks. I would the fool were married to her grave! 141
Cap. Soft! take me with you, take me with you, wife. How! will she none? doth she nct give us thanks?
Is she not proud? doth she not count her blest,
Unworthy as she is, that we have wrought
So worthy a gentleman to be her bridegroom?
Jul. Not proud, you have, but thankful that you have :
Proud can I never be of what I hate;
But thankful even for hate that is meant love. I 49
Cap. How, how! how, how! chop-logic! What is this? 'Proud,' and 'I thank you,' and ' I thank you not;' And yet 'not proud:' mistress minion, you,
Thank me no thankings, nor proud me no prouds, But fettle your fine joints 'gainst Thursday next, To go with Paris to Saint Peter's Church,

Or I will drag thee on a hurdle thither.
Out, you green-sickness carrion! out, you baggage!
You tallow-face!
La. Cap.
Fie, fie! what, are you mad?
Jul. Good father, I beseech you on my knees,
Hear me with patience but to speak a word. 160 Cap. Hang thee, young baggage! disobedient wretch!

I tel thee what : get thee to church o' Thursday,
Or never after look me in the face :
Speak not, reply not, do not answer me ;
My fingers itch. Wife, we scarce thought us blest
That God had lent us but this only child ;
But now I see this one is one too much,
And that we have a curse in having her :
Out on her, hilding!
Nurse.
God in heaven bless her!
You are to blame, my lord, to rate her so.
Cap. And why, my lady wisdom? hold your tongue,
Good prudence ; smatter with your gossips, go. Nurse. I speak no treason.
Cap.
O, God ye god-den.
Nurse. May not one speak ? Cap.

Peace, you mumbling fool!
Utter your gravity o'er a gossip's bowl ;
For here we need it not.

## La. Cap.

You are too hot.
Cap. God's bread! it makes me mad:
Day, night, hour, tide, time, work, play,
Alone, in company, stiil my care hath been
To have her match'd: and having now provided
A gentleman of noble parentage,
181
Of fair demesnes, youthful, and nobly train'd,
Stuff'd, as they say, with honourable parts,
Proportion'd as one's thought would wish a man ;
And then to have a wretched puling fool,
A whining mammet, in her fortune's tender,
To answer 'I'il not wed; I cannot love,
I am too young; I pray you, pardon me.'
But, an you will not wed, I'll pardon you:
Graze where you will, you shall not house with me:
Look to 't, think on't, I do not use to jest. 19I Thursday is near ; lay hand on heart, advise : An you be mine, I'll give you to my friend ; An you be not, hang, beg, starve, die in the streets, For, by my soul, I'll ne'er acknowledge thee, Nor what is mine shall never do thee good: Trust to 't, bethink you; I'll not be forsworn. [Exit.
Jul. Is there no pity sitting in the clouds,
That sees into the bottom of my grief?
O , sweet my mother, cast me not away !

## Romeo and Juliet

Delay this marriage for a month, a week; Or, if you do not, make the bridal bed
In that dim monument where Tybalt lies.
La. Cap. Talk not to me, for I'll not speak a word:
Do as thou wilt, for I have done with thee. [Exit.
Jul. O God!-O nurse, how shall this be prevented?
My husband is on earth, my faith in heaven ;
How shall that faith return again to earth,
Unless that husband send it me from heaven
By leaving earth ? comfort me, counsel me. 210
Alack, alack, that heaven should practise stratagems Upon so soft a subject as myself!
What say'st thou? hast thou not a word of joy?
Some comfort, nurse.

## Nurse.

Faith, here it is.
Romeo is banish'd, and all the world to nothing, That he dares ne'er come back to challenge you;
Or, if he do, it needs must be by stealth.
Then, since the case so stands as now it doth,
I think it best you married with the county.
O, he's a lovely gentleman!
Romeo's a dishclout to him : an eagle, madam,
Hath not 80 green, so quick, so fair an eye As Paris hath. Beshrew my very heart, I think you are happy in this second match,

For it excels your first : or if it did not, Your first is dead, or 'twere as good he were As living here and you no use of him.
Jul. Speakest thou from thy heart ? Nurse.

And from my soul too ;
Else beshrew them both.
Jul.
Amen!
Nurse.

## What?

Jul. Well, thou hast comforted me marvellous much. 230 Go in, and tell my lady I am gone,
Having displeased my father, to Laurence' cell, To make confession and to be absolved.
Nurse. Marry, I will, and this is wisely done. [Exit. Jul. Ancient damnation! O most wicked fiend!

Is it more sin to wish me thus forsworn,
Or to dispraise my lord with that same tongue Which she hath praised him with above compare So many thousand times? Go, counsellor ;
Thou and my bosom henceforth shall be twain. 240 I'll to the friar, to know his remedy : If all else fail, myself have power to die. [Exit.

## Romeo and Juliet

## Act Fourth.

## Scene I.

## Friar Laurence's cell.

## Enter Friar Laurence and Paris.

Fri. L. On Thursday, sir? the time is very short.
Par. My father Capulet will have it so;
And I am nothing slow to slack his haste.
Fri. L. You say you do not know the lady's mind :
Uneven is the course; I like it not.
Par. Immoderately she weeps for Tybalt's death,
And therefore have I little talk'd of love,
For Venus smiles not in a house of tears.
Now, sir, her father counts it dangerous
That she doth give her sorrow so much sway, 10
And in his wisdom hastes our marriage,
To stop the inundation of her tears,
Which, too much minded by herself alone,
May be put from her by society :
Now do you know the reason of this haste.
Fri. L. [Aside] I would I knew not why it should be slow'd.
Look, sir, here comes the lady toward my cell.

## Enter Juliet.

Par. Happily met, my lady and my wife! Jul. That may be, sir, when I may be a wife. Par. That may be must be, love, on Thursday next. 20 Jul. What must be shall be.
Fri. L. That's a certain text.
Par. Come you to make confession to this father ?
Jul. To answer that, I should confess to you.
Par. Do not deny to him that you love me. Jul. I will confess to you that I love him. Par. So will ye, I am sure, that you love me. Jul. If I do so, it will be of more price,

Being spoke behind your back, than to your face.
Par. Poor soul, thy face is much abused with tears. Jul. The tears have got small victory by that; 30 For it was bad enough before their spite.
Par. Thou wrong'st it more than tears with that report. Jul. That is no slander, sir, which is a truth,

And what I spake, I spake it to my face.
Par. Thy face is mine, and thou hast slander'd it. Jul. It may be so, for it is not mine own.

Are you at leisure, holy father, now ;
Or shall I come to you at evening mass ?
Fri. L. My leisure serves me, pensive daughter, now. My lord, we must entreat the time alone.

## Par. God shield I should disturb devotion!

Juliet, on Thursday early will I rouse ye :
Till then, adieu, and keep this holy kiss. [Exit.
Jul. O, shut the door, and when thou hast done so,
Come weep with me ; past hope, past cure, past help!
Fri. L. Ah, Juliet, I already know thy grief;
It strains me past the compass of my wits:
I hear thou must, and nothing may prorogue it,
On Thursday next be married to this county.
Jul. Tell me not, friar, that thou hear'st of this,
Unless thou tell me how I may prevent it:
If in thy wisdom thou canst give no help,
Do thou but call my resolution wise,
And with this knife I'll help it presently.
God join'd my heart and Romeo's, thou our hands ;
And ere this hand, by thee to Romeo's seal'd,
Shall be the label to another deed,
Or my true heart with treacherous revolt Turn to another, this shall slay them both :
Therefore, out of thy long-experienced time, 60 Give me some present counsel; or, behold, 'Twixt my extremes and me this bloody knife Shall play the umpire, arbitrating that Which the commission of thy years and art Could to no issue of true honour bring.

Be not so long to speak; I long to die, If what thou speak'st speak not of remedy. Fri. L. Hold, daughter : I do spy a kind of hope, Which craves as desperate an execution As that is desperate which we would prevent. 70 If, rather than to marry County Paris, Thou hast the strength of will to slay thyself, Then is it likely thou wilt undertake A thing like death to chide away this shame, That copest with death himself to 'scape from it ; And, if thou darest, I'll give thee remedy. $J u l$. O, bid me leap, rather than marry Paris, From off the battlements of yonder tower ; Or walk in thievish ways; or bid me lurk Where serpents are ; chain me with roaring bears; Or shut me nightly in a charnel-house, 81 O'er-cover'd quite with dead men's rattling bones, With reeky shanks and yellow chapless skulls; Or bid me go into a new-made grave, And hide me with a dead man in his shroud; Things that to hear them told, have made me tremble ; And I will do it without fear or doubt, To live an unstain'd wife to my sweet love.
Fri. L. Hold, then ; go home, be merry, give consent To marry Paris: Wednesday is to-morrow ; 90 106

To-morrow night look that thou lie alone, Let not thy nurse lie with thee in thy chamber :
Take thou this vial, being then in bed, And this distilled liquor drink thou off: When presently through all thy veins shall run A cold and drowsy humour ; for no pulse Shall keep his native progress, but surcease : No warmth, no breath, shall testify thou livest ; The roses in thy lips and cheeks shall fade To paly ashes; thy eyes' windows fall, 100 Like death, when he shuts up the day of life ; Each part, deprived of supple government, Shall, stiff and stark and cold, appear like death : And in this borrow'd likeness of shrunk death Thou shalt continue two and forty hours, And then awake as from a pleasant sleep. Now, when the bridegroom in the morning comes To rouse thee from thy bed, there art thou dead: Then, as the manner of our country is,
In thy best robes uncover'd on the bier
Thou shalt be borne to that same ancient vault
Where all the kindred of the Capulets lie.
In the mean time, against thou shalt awake,
Shall Romeo by my letters know our drift;
And hither shall he come : and he and I

Will watch thy waking, and that very night Shall Romeo bear thee hence to Mantua. And this shall free thee from this present shame, If no inconstant toy nor womanish fear Abate thy valour in the acting it. 120
Jul. Give me, give me! O, tell not me of fear !
Fri. L. Hold; get you gone, be strong and prosperous
In this resolve; I'll send a friar with speed To IMantua, with my letters to thy lord.
Jul. Love give me strength! and strength shall help afford. Farewell, dear father!
[Exeunt.

## Scene 11.

## Hall in Capulet's bouse.

Enter Capulet, Lady Capulet, Nurse, and two Servingmen.
Cap. So many guests invite as here are writ.

> [Exit First Servant.

Sirrah, go hire me twenty cunning cooks.
Sec. Serv. You shall have none ill, sir, for I'll try if they can lick their fingers.
Cap. How canst thou try them so ? Sec. Serv. Marry, sir, 'tis an ill cook that cannot 108
lick his own fingers : therefore he that cannot lick his fingers goes not with me.
Cap. Go, be gone.
[Exit Sec. Servant.
We shall be much unfurnish'd for this time.
10
What, is my daugnter gone to Friar Laurence ?
Nurse. Ay, forsooth.
Cap. Well, he may chance to do some good on her : A peevish self-will'd harlotry it is.

## Enter Juliet.

Nurse. See where she comes from shrift with merry look.
Cap. How now, my headstrong! where have you been gadding ?
Jul. Where I have learn'd me to repent the sin
Of disobedient opposition
To you and your behests, and am enjoin'd
By holy Laurence to fall prostrate here,
To beg your pardon! pardon, I beseech you!
Henceforward I am ever ruled by you.
Cap. Send for the county; go tell him of this :
I'll have this knot knit up to-morrow morning.
Jul. I met the youthtul lord at Laurence' cell,
And gave him what becomed love I might, Not stepping o'er the bounds of modesty.

## Act IV. Sc ii.

Cap. Why, I am glad on't; this is well : stand up: This is as't should be. Let me see the county ;
Ay, marry, go, I say, and fetch him hither. Now, afore God, this reverend holy friar, All our whole city is much bound to him. Jul. Nurse, will you go with me into my closet, To help me sort such needful ornaments As you think fit to furnish me to-morrow?
La. Cap. No, not till Thursday ; there is time enough. Cap. Go, nurse, go with her: we'll to church tomorrow.
[Exeunt Juliet and Nurse.
La. Cap. We shall be short in our provision :
'Wis now near night.
Cap.
Tush, I will stir about,
And all things shall be well, I warrant thee, wife :
Go thou to Juliet, help to deck up her;
I'll not to bed to-night ; let me alone ;
I'll play the housewife for this once. What, ho! They are all forth : well, I will walk myself To County Paris, to prepare him up
Against to-morrow : my heart is wondrous light, Since this same wayward girl is so reclaim'd.
[Exeunt.

## Romeo and Juliet

## Scene III.

## Juliet's chamber.

Enter Juliet and Nurse.
Jul. Ay, those attires are best : but, gentle nurse, I pray thee, leave me to myself to-night;
For I have need of many orisons
To move the heavens to smile upon my state, Which, well thou know'st, is cross and full of sin.
Enter Lady Capulet.

La. Cap. What, are you busy, ho ? need you my help? Jul. No, madam; we have cull'd such necessaries As are behoveful for our state to-morrow :
So please you, let me now be left alone,
And let the nurse this night sit up with you,
For I am sure you have your hands full all
In this so sudden business.
La. Cap.
Good night !
Get thee to bed and rest, for thou hast need.

> [Exeunt Lady Capulet and Nurse.
$J u l$. Farewell! God knows when we shall meet again.
I have a faint cold fear thrills through my veins,
That almost freezes up the heat of life:
I'll call them back again to comfort me.
Nurse !-What should she do here ?

My dismal scene $\bar{I}$ needs must act alone.
Come, vial.
20
What if this mixture do not work at all ?
Shall I be married then to-morrow morning?
No, no : this shall forbid it. Lie thou there.

> [Laying down a dagger.

What if it be a poison, which the friar Subtly hath minister'd to have me dead, Lest in this marriage he should be dishonour'd, Because he married me before to Romeo?
I fear it is: and yet, methinks, it should not, For he hath still been tried a holy man. How if, when I am laid into the tomb, 30
I wake before the time that Romeo
Come to redeem me ? there's a fearful point. Shall I not then be stifled in the vault, To whose foul mouth no healthsome air breathes in, And there die strangled ere my Romeo comes?
Or, if I live, is it not very like,
The horrible conceit of death and night, Together with the terror of the place,
As in a vault, an ancient receptacle,
Where for this many hundred years the bones
Of all my buried ancestors are pack'd;
Where bloody Tybalt, yet but green in earth,

Lies festering in his shroud; where, as they say, At some hours in the night spirits resort ;
Alack, alack, is it not like that I
So early waking, what with loathsome smells
And shrieks like mandrakes' torn out of the earth, That living mortals hearing them run mad:
O, if I wake, shall I not be distraught,
Environed with all these hideous fears?
And madly play with my forefathers' joints?
And pluck the mangled Tybalt from his shroud ?
And, in this rage, with some great kinsman's bone,
As with a club, dash out my desperate brains ?
O, look! methinks I see my cousin's ghost Seeking out Romeo, that did spit his body
Upon a rapier's point : stay, Tybalt, stay! Romeo, I come! this do I drink to thee. [She falls upon her bed, within the curtains.

## Scene IV.

## Hall in Capulet's bouse.

Enter Lady Capulet and Nurse.
La. Cap. Hold, take these keys, and fetch more spices, nurse.
Nurse. They call for dates and quinces in the pastry. ${ }^{28} \mathrm{~b}$

## Act IV. Sc. iv.

## Enter Capulet.

Cap. Come, stir, stir, stir! the second cock hath crow'd, The curfew-bell hath rung, 'ti three o'clock : Look to the baked meats, good Angelica: Spare not for cost.

## Nurse.

Go, you cot-quean, go,
Get you to bed ; faith, you'll be sick to-morrow
For this night's watching.
Cap. No, not a whit : what! I have watch'd ere now
All night for lesser cause, and ne'er been sick. Io
La. Cap. Ay, you have been a mouse-hunt in your time;
But I will watch you from such watching now.
[Exeunt Lady Capulet and Nurse.
Cap. A jealous-hood, a jealous-hood!
Enter three or four Servingmen, with spits, and logs, and baskets.

Now, fellow,
What's there?
First Servo. Things for the cook, sir, but I know not what.
Cap. Make haste, make haste. [Exit First Servo.] Sirrah, fetch drier logs :
Call Peter, he will show thee where they are. Sec. Serv. I have a head, sir, that will find out logs,

## Romeo and Juliet $\cong$

And never trouble Peter for the matter.
Cap. Mass, and well said; a merry whoreson, ha!
Thou shalt be logger-head. [Exit Sec. Servo.] Good faith, 'tic day:

20
The county will be here with music straight,
For so he said he would. [Music within.] I hear him near.
Nurse! Wife! What, ho! What, nurse, I say! Reenter Nurse.
Go waken Juliet, go and trim her up;
I'll go and chat with Paris: hie, make haste, Make haste : the bridegroom he is come already : Make haste, I say.
[Exeunt.

## Scene V.

Juliet's chamber.
Enter Nurse.
Nurse. Mistress ! what, mistress ! Juliet! fast, I warrant her, she :
Why, lamb! why, lady! fie, you slug-a-bed!
Why, love, I say! madam! sweet-heart! why, bride!
What, not a word ? you take your pennyworths now; 115

Sleep for a week ; for the next night, I warrant, The County Paris hath set up his rest That you shall rest but little. God forgive me, Marry, and amen, how sound is she asleep!
I needs must wake her. Madam, madam, madam!
Ay, let the county take you in your bed;
10 He 'll fright you up, i' faith. Will it not be ?
[Undraws the curtains.
What, dress'd! and in your clothes! and down again!
I must needs wake you. Lady! lady! lady! Alas, alas! Help, help! my lady's dead! O, well-a-day, that ever I was born! Some aqua-vitæ, ho! My lord! my lady!

## Enter Lady Capulet.

La. Cap. What noise is here?
Nurse.
O lamentable day!
La. Cap. What is the matter?
Nurse. Look, look! O heavy day!
La. Cap. O me, O me! My child, my only life,
Revive, look up, or I will die with thee. 20 Help, help! call help.

## Enter Capulet.

Cap. For shame, bring Juliet forth; her lord is come.

## Romeo and Juliet

Nurse. She's dead, deceased, she's dead ; alack the day ! La. Cap. Alack the day, she's dead, she's dead, she's dead!
Cap. Ha ! let me see her. Out, alas! she's cold; Her blood is settled and her joints are stiff; Life and these lips have long been separated.
Death lies on her like an untimely frost
Upon the sweetest flower of all the field.
Nurse. O lamentable day !
La. Cap.
O woeful time!
30
Cap. Death, that hath ta'en her hence to make me wail, Ties up my tongue and will not let me speak.

## Enter Friar Laurence and Paris, with Musicians.

Fri. L. Come, is the bride ready to go to church ?
Cap. Ready to go, but never to return.
O son, the night before thy wedding-day
Hath death lain with thy wife : see, there she lies,
Flower as she was, deflowered by him.
Death is my son-in-law, death is my heir ;
My daughter he hath wedded: I will die,
And leave him all ; life, living, all is Death's. 40
Par. Have I thought long to see this morning's face,
And doth it give me such a sight as this ?
La. Cap. Accurst, unhappy, wretched, hateful day!

Most miserable hour that e'er time saw
In lasting labour of his pilgrimage !
But one, poor one, one poor and loving child,
But one thing to rejoice and solace in,
And cruel death hath catch'd it from my sight!
Nurse. O woe! O woeful, woeful, woeful day!
Most lamentable day, most woeful day,
That ever, ever, I did yet behold!
O day! O day! O day! O hateful day!
Never was seen so black a day as this:
O woeful day, O woeful day!
Par. Beguiled, divorced, wronged, spited, slain!
Most detestable death, by thee beguiled,
By cruel cruel thee quite overthrown!
O love! O life! not life, but love in death !
Cap. Despised, distressed, hated, martyr'd, kill'd!
Uncomfortable time, why camest thou now
To murder, murder our solemnity?
O child! O child! my soul, and not my child!.
Dead art thou! Alack, my child is dead;
And with my child my joys are buried!
Fri. L. Peace, ho, for shame ! confusion's cure lives not
In these confusions. Heaven and yourself
Had part in this fair maid; now heaven hath all, And all the better is it for the maid:

Your part in her you could not keep from death;
But heaven keeps his part in eternal life.
The most you sought was her promotion, For 'twas your heaven she should be advanced:
And weep ye now, seeing she is advanced
Above the clouds, as high as heaven itself?
O, in this love, you love your child so ill, That you run mad, seeing that she is well :
She's not well married that lives married long,
But she's best married that dies married young.
Dry up your tears, and stick your rosemary
On this fair corse, and, as the custom is,
In all her best array bear her to church :
For though fond nature bids us all lament, Yet nature's tears are reason's merriment.
Cap. All things that we ordained festival,
Turn from their office to black funeral :
Our instruments to melancholy bells;
Our wedding cheer to a sad burial feast ;
Our solemn hymns to sullen dirges change;
Our bridal flowers serve for a buried corse, And all things change them to the contrary.
Fri. L. Sir, go you in; and, madam, go with him; And go, Sir Paris; every one prepare To follow this fair corse unto her grave :

The heavens do lour upon you for some ill; Move them no more by crossing their high will. [Exeunt Capulet, Lady Capulet, Paris, and Friar. First Mus. Faith, we may put up our pipes, and be gone.
Nurse. Honest good fellows, ah, put up, put up ;
For, well you know, this is a pitiful case. [Exit. First Mus. Ay, by my troth, the case may be 100 amended.

## Enter Peter.

Pet. Musicians, O, musicians, 'Heart's ease, Heart's ease:' $O$, an you will have me live, play ' Heart's ease.'
First Mus. Why 'Heart's ease?'
Pet. O, musicians, because my heart itself plays ' My heart is full of woe:' O, play me some merry dump, to comfort me.
First Mus. Not a dump we; 'tis no time to play now.
Pet. You will not then?
First Mus. No.
Pet. I will then give it you soundly. First Mus. What will you give us?
Pet. No money, on my faith, but the gleek; I will give you the minstrel.

First Mus. Then will I give you the servingcreature.
Pet. Then will I lay the serving-creature's dagger on your pate. I will carry no crotchets; I'll 120 re you, I'll fa you; do you note me?
First Mus. An you re us and fa us, you note us.
Sec. Mus. Pray you, put up your dagger, and put out your wit.
Pct. Then have at you with my wit! I will drybeat you with an iron wit, and put up my iron dagger. Answer me like men:

- When griping grief the heart doth wound And doleful dumps the mind oppress, Then music with her silver sound '-
why 'silver sound' ? why 'music with her silver sound'? -What say you, Simon Catling?
First Mus. Marry, sir, because silver hath a sweet sound.
Pet. Pretty! What say you, Hugh Rebeck ?
Sec. Mus. I say, 'silver sound,' because musicians sound for silver.
Pet. Pretty too! What say you, James Soundpost?
Third Mus. Faith, I know not what to say.

Pet. O, I cry you mercy ; you are the singer: I will say for you. It is ' music with her silver sound,' because musicians have no gold for sounding :

- Then music with her silver sound With speedy help doth lend redress.' [Exit.
First Mus. What a pestilent knave is this same!
Sec. Mus. Hang him, Jack! Come, we'll in here; tarry for the mourners, and stay dinner. [Exeunt.


## Act Fifth. Scene I.

Mantua. A street.
Enter Romeo.
Rom. If I may trust the flattering truth of sleep,
My dreams presage some joyful news at hand :
My bosom's lord sits lightly in his throne,
And all this day an unaccustom'd spirit
Lifts me above the ground with cheerful thoughts.
I dreamt my lady came and found me dead-
Strange dream, that gives a dead man leave to think!-

## Romeo and Juliet

And breathed such life with kisses in my lips, That I revived and was an emperor.
Ah me! how sweet is love itself possess'd, 10 When but love's shadows are so rich in joy!

## Enter Balthasar, booted.

News from Verona! How now, Balthasar!
Dost thou not bring me letters from the friar ?
How doth my lady? Is my father well?
How fares my Juliet? that I ask again;
For nothing can be ill, if she be well.
Bal. Then she is well, and nothing can be ill :
Her body sleeps in Capels' monument,
And her immortal part with angels lives.
I saw her laid low in her kindred's vault,
And presently took post to tell it you:
O , pardon me for bringing these ill news,
Since you did leave it for my office, sir.
Rom. Is it e'en so? then I defy you, stars!
Thou know'st my lodging : get me ink and paper,
And hire post-horses; I will hence to-night.
Bal. I do beseech you, sir, have patience:
Your looks are pale and wild, and do import
Some misadventure.
Rom.
Tush, thou art deceived: 123

Leave me, and do the thing I bid thee do. Hast thou no letters to me from the friar ? Bal. No, my good lord. Rom.

No matter : get thee gone, And hire those horses; I'll be with thee straight.
[Exit Balthasar.

Well, Juliet, I will lie with thee to-night.
Let's see for means :-O mischief, thou art swift To enter in the thoughts of desperate men!
I do remember an apothecary,
And hereabouts a' dwells, which late I noted In tatter'd weeds, with overwhelming brows,
Culling of simples; meagre were his looks; Sharp misery had worn him to the bones : And in his needy shop a tortoise hung, An alligator stuff'd and other skins
Of ill-shaped fishes; and about his shelves A beggarly account of empty boxes,
Green earthen pots, bladders and musty seeds, Remnants of packthread and old cakes of roses, Were thinly scatter'd, to make up a show.
Noting this penury, to myself I said,
An if a man did need a poison now,
Whose sale is present death in Mantua, Here lives a caitiff wretch would sell it him.

## Romeo and Juliet

O, this same thought did but forerun my need, And this same needy man must sell it me. As I remember, this should be the house: Being holiday, the beggar's shop is shut. What, ho! apothecary!

## Enter Apothecary.

Rom. Come hither, man. I see that thou art poor ;
Hold, there is forty ducats : let me have A dram of poison; such soon-speeding gear
As will disperse itself through all the veins, That the life-weary taker may fall dead,
And that the trunk may be discharged of breath As violently as hasty powder fired
Doth hurry from the fatal cannon's womb.
Ap. Such mortal drugs I have; but Mantua's law Is death to any he that utters them.
Rom. Art thou so bare and full of wretchedness,
And fear'st to die? famine is in thy cheeks, Need and oppression starveth in thy eyes,
Contempt and beggary hangs upon thy back, The world is not thy friend, nor the world's law :
The world affords no law to make thee rich;
Then be not poor, but break it, and take this.

Ap. My poverty, but not my will, consents.
Rom. I pay thy poverty and not thy will.
Ap. Put this in any liquid thing you will,
And drink it off; and, if you had the strength Of twenty men, it would dispatch you straight.
Rom. There is thy gold, worse poison to men's souls, 80 Doing more murder in this loathsome world, Than these poor compounds that thou mayst not sell :
I sell thee poison, thou hast sold me none. Farewell : buy food, and get thyself in flesh.
Come, cordial and not poison, go with me To Juliet's grave; for there must I use thee.
[Exeunt.

## Scene II.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Friar Laurence's cell. } \\
& \text { Enter Friar John. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Fri J. Holy Franciscan friar! brother, ho!
Enter Friar Laurence.

Fri L. This same should be the voice of Friar John. Welcome from Mantua : what says Romeo ?
Or, if his mind be writ, give me his letter.

## Romeo and Juliet

Fri. J. Going to find a bare-foot brother out,
One of our order, to associate me,
Here in this city visiting the sick,
And finding him, the searchers of the town,
Suspecting that we both were in a house
Where the infectious pestilence did reign,
Seal'd up the doors and would not let us forth;
So that my speed to Mantua there was stay'd.
Fri. L. Who bare my letter then to Romeo?
Fri. J. I could not send it,-here it is again,-
Nor get a messenger to bring it thee,
So fearful were they of infection.
Fri L. Unhappy fortune! by my brotherhood,
The letter was not nice, but full of charge
Of dear import, and the neglecting it
May do much danger. Friar John, go hence; 20
Get me an iron crow and bring it straight
Unto my cell.
Fri. J. Brother, I'll go and bring it thee. [Exit.
Fri. L. Now must I to the monument alone;
Within this three hours will fair Juliet wake:
She will beshrew me much that Romeo
Hath had no notice of these accidents;
But I will write again to Mantua,

And keep her at my cell till Romeo come :
Poor living corse, closed in a dead man's tomb !
[Exit.

## Scene III.

A churchyard; in it a monument belonging to the Capulets. Enter Paris and his Page, bearing flowers and a torch. Par. Give me thy torch, boy: hence, and stand aloof: Yet put it out, for I would not be seen. Under yod yew-trees lay thee all along, Holding thine ear close to the hollow ground; So shall no foot upon the churchyard tread, Being loose, unfirm, with digging up of graves, But thou shalt hear it: whistle then to me, As signal that thou hear'st something approach. Give me those flowers. Do as I bid thee, go. Page. [Aside] I am almost afraid to stand alone 10 Here in the churchyard; yet I will adventure.

Par. Sweet flower, with flowers thy bridal bed I strew,-
O woe! thy canopy is dust and stones ;Which with sweet water nightly I will dew,

Or, wanting that, with tears distill'd by moans:

## Romeo and Juliet

The obsequies that I for thee will keep
Nightly shall be to strew thy grave and weep.
[The Page whistles.
The boy gives warning something doth approach. What cursed foot wanders this way to-night, To cross my obsequies and true love's rite?
What, with a torch! Muffle me, night, a while.
[Retires.
Enter Romeo and Balthasar, with a torch, mattock, EFc.
Rom. Give me that mattock and the wrenching iron.
Hold, take this letter ; early in the morning See thou deliver it to my lord and father.
Give me the light: upon thy life, I charge thee, Whate'er thou hear'st or seest, stand all aloof,
And do not interrupt me in my course.
Why I descend into this bed of death
Is partly to behold my lady's face,
But chiefly to take thence from her dead finger 30 A precious ring, a ring that I must use
In dear employment : therefore hence, be gone :
But if thou, jealous, dost return to pry
In what I farther shall intend to do,
By heaven, I will tear thee joint by joint
And strew this hungry churchyard with thy limbs: 28 i

The time and my intents are savage-wild,
More fierce and more inexorable by far
Than empty tigers or the roaring sea.
Bal. I will be gone, sir, and not trouble you.
Rom. So shalt thou show me friendship. Take thou that : Live, and be prosperous : and farewell, good fellow.
Bal. [Aside] For all this same, I'll hide me hereabout: His looks I fear, and his intents I doubt. [Retires. Rom. Thou detestable maw, thou womb of death, Gorged with the dearest morsel of the earth, Thus I enforce thy rotten jaws to open, And in despite I'll cram thee with more food.
[Opens the tomb.
Par. This is that banish'd haughty Montague
That murder'd my love's cousin, with which grief,
It is supposed, the fair creature died,
And here is come to do some villanous shame To the dead bodies: I will apprehend him.
[Comes forward.
Stop thy unhallow'd toil, vile Montague !
Can vengeance be pursued further than death?
Condemned villain, I do apprehend thee :
Obey, and go with me; for thou must die.
Rom. I must indeed, and therefore came I hither.
Good gentle youth, tempt not a desperate man ;

Fly hence and leave me: think upon these gone; 60 Let them affright thee. I beseech thee, youth,
Put not another sin upon my head,
By urging me to fury: $O$, be gone!
By heaven, I love thee better than myself,
For I come hither arm'd against myself:
Stay not, be gone : live, and hereafter say,
A madman's mercy bid thee run away. Par. I do defy thy conjurations

And apprehend thee for a felon here. Rom. Wilt thou provoke me? then have at thee, boy! 70 [They fight.
Page. O Lord, they fight! I will go call the watch.
[Exit.
Par. O, I am slain! [Falls.] If thou be merciful,
Open the tomb, lay me with Juliet.
[Dies.
Rom. In faith, I will. Let me peruse this face:
Mercutio's kinsman, noble County Paris !
What said my man, when my betossed soul
Did not attend him as we rode? I think
He told me Paris should have married Juliet:
Said he not so? or did I dream it so?
Or am I mad, hearing him talk of Juliet, 80
To think it was so? O , give me thy hand,
One writ with me in sour misfortune's book!

I'll bury thee in a triumphant grave;
A grave? O, no, a lantern, slaughter'd youth ;
For here lies Juliet, and her beauty makes
This vault a feasting presence full of light.
Death, lie thou there, by a dead man interr'd.
[Laying Paris in the monument.
How oft when men are at the point of death Have they been merry! which their keepers call
A lightning before death: O, how may I
Call this a lightning? O my love! my wife!
Death, that hath suck'd the honey of thy breath,
Hath had no power yet upon thy beauty :
Thou art not conquer'd ; beauty's ensign yet
Is crimson in thy lips and in thy cheeks,
And death's pale flag is not advanced there. Tybalt, liest thou there in thy bloody sheet?
O, what more favour can I do to thee
Than with that hand that cut thy youth in twain
To sunder his that was thine enemy?
100
Forgive me, cousin! Ah, dear Juliet,
Why art thou yet so fair ? shall I believe
That unsubstantial death is amorous,
And that the lean abhorred monster keeps
Thee hete in dark to be his paramour ?
For fear of that, I still will stay with thee,

## Romeo and Juliet

And never from this palace of dim night
Depart again: here, here will I remain
With worms that are thy chamber-maids; O , here
Will 1 set up my everlasting rest,
110
And shake the yoke of inauspicious stars
From this world-wearied flesh. Eyes, look your last!
Arms, take your last embrace! and, lips, O you The doors of breath, seal with a righteous kiss
A dateless bargain to engrossing death!
Come, bitter conduct, come, unsavoury guide!
Thou desperate pilot, now at once run on
The dashing rocks thy sea-sick weary bark.
118
Here's to my love! [Drinks.] O true apothecary !
Thy drugs are quick. Thus with a kiss I die. [Dies. Enter, at the other end of the churchyard, Friar Laurence, with a lantern, crow, and spade.
Fri. L. Saint Francis be my speed! how oft to-night
Have my old feet stumbled at graves! Who's there?
Bal. Here's one, a friend, and one that knows you well. Fri. L. Bliss be upon you! Tell me, good my friend, What torch is yond that vainly lends his light To grubs and eyeless skulls? as I discern,
It burneth in the Capels' monument.
Bal. It doth so, holy sir ; and there's my master,
One that you love.

Fri. L. Who is it?
Bal.
Romeo.
Fri. L. How long hath he been there?
Bal.
Full half an hour. 130
Fri. L. Go with me to the vault.
Bal. I dare not, sir :
My master knows not but I am gone hence ;
And fearfully did menace me with death,
If I did stay to look on his intents.
Fri. L. Stay, then ; I'll go alone: fear comes upon me;
O, much I fear some ill unlucky thing.
Bal. As I did sleep under this yew-tree here,
I dreamt my master and another fought,
And that my master slew him.
Fri. L.
Romeo! [Advances.
Alack, alack, what blood is this, which stains 140 The stony entrance of this sepulchre?
What mean these masterless and gory swords
To lie discolour'd by this place of peace?
[Enters the tomb.
Romeo! O, pale! Who else? what, Paris too?
And steep'd in blood? Ah, what an unkind hour Is guilty of this lamentable chance!
The lady stirs.
[Juliet wakes.
Jul. O comfortable friar! where is my lord?

I do remember well where I should be,
And there I am: where is my Romeo? [Noise within.
Fri. L. I hear some noise. Lady, come from that nest
Of death, contagion and unnatural sleep:
A greater power than we can contradict
Hath thwarted our intents: come, come away :
Thy husband in thy bosom there lies dead;
And Paris too: come, I'll dispose of thee
Among a sisterhood of holy nuns:
Stay not to question, for the watch is coming ;
Come, go, good Juliet; I dare no longer stay.
Jul. Go, get thee hence, for I will not away. 160
[Exit Fri. L.
What's here? a cup, closed in my true love's hand ? Poison, I see, hath been his timeless end :
O churl! drunk all, and left no friendly drop
To help me after? I will kiss thy lips;
Haply some poison yet doth hang on them,
To make me die with a restorative. [Kisses him. Thy lips are warm.
First Watch. [Within] Lead, boy: which way?
Jul. Yea, noise? then I'll be brief. O happy dagger !
[Snatching Romeo's dagger.
This is thy sheath [Stabs berself]; there rust, and let me die. [Falls on Romeo's body, and dies.

Enter Watch, with the Page of Paris.
Page. This is the place; there, where the torch doth burn. 171
First Watch. The ground is bloody; search about the churchyard :
Go, some of you, whoe'er you find attach. Pitiful sight! here lies the county slain ; And Juliet bleeding, warm, and newly dead, Who here hath lain this two days buried. Go, tell the prince: run to the Capulets:
Raise up the Montagues: some others search:
We see the ground whereon these woes do lie;
But the true ground of all these piteous woes 180 We cannot without circumstance descry.

Re-enter some of the Watch, with Balthasar. Sec. Watch. Here's Romeo's man; we found him in the churchyard.
First Watch. Hold him in safety, till the prince come hither.

Re-enter Friar Laurence, and another Watchman. Third Watch. Here is a friar, that trembles, sighs and weeps:
We took this mattock and this spade from him, As he was coming from this churchyard's side.

First Watch. A great suspicion: stay the friar too.
Enter the Prince and Attendants.
Prince. What misadventure is so early up,
That calls our person from our morning rest?

## Enter Capulet, Lady Capulet, and others.

Cap. What should it be that they so shriek abroad? 190 La. Cap. The people in the street cry Romeo, Some Juliet, and some Paris, and all run With open outcry toward our monument.
Prince. What fear is this which startles in our ears? First Watch. Sovereign, here lies the County Paris slain; And Romeo dead ; and Juliet, dead before, Warm and new kill'd.
Prince. Search, seek, and know how this foul murder comes.
First Watch. Here is a friar, and slaughter'd Romeo's man,
With instruments upon them fit to open 200 These dead men's tombs.
Cap. O heavens! O wife, look how our daughter bleeds !
This dagger hath mista'en, for, lo, his house
Is empty on the back of Montague,
And it mis-sheathed in my daughter's bosom!

La. Cap. O me! this sight of death is as a bell That warns my old age to a sepulchre.

## Enter Montague and others.

Prince. Come, Montague; for thou art early up, To see thy son and heir more early down.
Mon. Alas, my liege, my wife is dead to-night; 210
Grief of my son's exile hath stopp'd her breath :
What further woe conspires against mine age ?
Prince. Look, and thou shalt see.
Mon. O thou untaught! what manners is in this,
To press before thy father to a grave ?
Prince. Seal up the mouth of outrage for a while,
Till we can clear these ambiguities,
And know their spring, their head, their true descent;
And then will I be general of your woes,
And lead you even to death : meantime forbear,
And let mischance be slave to patience.
221
Bring forth the parties of suspicion.
Fri. L. I am the greatest, able to do least,
Yet most suspected, as the time and place
Doth make against me, of this direful murder ;
And here I stand, both to impeach and purge
Myself condemned and myself excused.
Prince. Then say at once what thou dost know in this.

Fri. L. I will be brief, for my short date of breath Is not so long as is a tedious tale. 230
Romeo, there dead, was husband to that Juliet ; And she, there dead, that Romeo's faithful wife :
I married them ; and their stol'n marriage-day Was Tybalt's dooms-day, whose untimely death Banish'd the new-made bridegroom from this city; For whom, and not for Tybalt, Juliet pined. You, to remove that siege of grief from her, Betroth'd and would have married her perforce To County Paris: then comes she to me, And with wild looks bid me devise some means 240 To rid her from this second marriage,
Or in my cell there would she kill herself.
Then gave I her, so tutor'd by my art,
A sleeping potion; which so took effect
As I intended, for it wrought on her
The form of death : meantime I writ to Romeo,
That he should hither come as this dire night,
To help to take her from her borrow'd grave,
Being the time the potion's force should cease.
But he which bore my letter, Friar John, 250
Was stay'd by accident, and yesternight
Return'd my letter back. Then all alone At the prefixed hour of her waking

Came I to take her from her kindred's vault,
Meaning to keep her closely at my cell
Till I conveniently could send to Romeo:
But when I came, some minute ere the time
Of her awaking, here untimely lay
The noble Paris and true Romeo dead.
She wakes, and I entreated her come forth, 260
And bear this work of heaven with patience:
But then a noise did scare me from the tomb,
And she too desperate would not go with me, But, as it seems, did violence on herself.
All this I know; and to the marriage
Her nurse is privy: and, if aughtein this
Miscarried by my fault, let my old life Be-saeriffeed oome hour before his time
Unto the rigour of severest law.
Prince. We still have known thee for a holy man. 270 Where's Romeo's man? what can he say in this?
Bal. I brought my master news of Juliet's death,
And then in post he came from Mantua
To this same place, to this same monument.
This letter he early bid me give his father,
And threaten'd me with death, going in the vault,
If I departed not and left him there.
Prince. Give me the letter; I will look on it.

Where is the county's page, that raised the watch ? Sirrah, what made your master in this place? 280 Page. He came with flowers to strew his lady's grave ; And bid me stand aloof, and so I did: Anon comes one with light to ope the tomb; And by and by my master drew on him ; And then I ran away to call the watch. Prince. This letter doth make good the friar's words, Their course of love, the tidings of her death : And here he writes that he did buy a poison Of a poor 'pothecary, and therewithal
Came to this vault to die and lie with Juliet. 290 Where be these enemies? Capulet! Montague! See, what a scourge is laid upon your hate, That heaven finds means to kill your joys with love! And I, for winking at your discords too, Have lost a brace of kinsmen : all are punish'd.
Cap. O brother Montague, give me thy hand:
This is my daughter's jointure, for no more Can I demand.
Mon.
But I can give thee more:
For I will raise her statue in pure gold ; That whiles Verona by that name is known, 300 There shall no figure at such rate be set As that of true and faithful Juliet.

## Act V Sc. iii..

Cap. As rich shall Romeo's by his lady's lie;
Poor sacrifices of our enmity!
Prince. A glooming peace this morning with it brings;
The sun for sorrow will not show his head:
Go hence, to have more talk of these sad things; Some shall be pardon'd and some punished :
For never was a story of more woe Than this of Juliet and her Romeo. [Exeunt. 3 10

## Glossary.

A, one, the same; II. iv. 220.
A', he ; I. iii. 40.
AbUSED, disfigured ; IV. i. 29.
ADAM CUPID, (v. note); II. i. I3.
Advanced, raised; V. iii. 96.
Adventure, venture; II. ii. 84.
Advise, consider, think over it ; III. v. 192.

Afeard, afraid; II. ii. 139.
Affecting, affected; II. iv. 29.
Affections, inclinations; 1. i. 133 .
Affray, frighten; III. v. 33.
Afore, before; Il. iv. 170.
Afore me, "by my life"; III. iv. 34.

AgAINST, in preparation of; III. iv. 32.

Agate-stone, figures cut in the agate-stone, much worn in rings; I. iv. 55 .

All-along, at your full length; V. iii. 3 .

All so soon, as soon; (all used intensively) ; I. i. I40.
Ambling, moving in an affected manner; (used contemptuously); I. iv. II.

Ambuscadoes, ambuscades; I. iv 84.

Amerce, punish; III. i. 195.
An, if; I. i. 4:
AN IF, if; V. i. 50.
Ancient, old, aged; II. iii. 74.
Antic face, quaint mask; I. v. 58.
Apace, quickly; II. iv. 233.
Ape, a term of endearment or pity; II. i. 16 .

Appertaining rage to, rage belong. ing to; III. i. 66.

Apt to, ready for; III. i. 44.
Apt UnTo, ready for; III. iii. 157.
As, as if; II. v. ${ }^{16}$.
--, namely; IV. iii. 39 .
Ascend, ascend to; III. iii. 147.
Aspired, mounted to; III. i. 122.
Associate, accompany ; V. ii. 6.
As that, as to that heart; II. ii. 124.

Athwart, across, over; (so (Q. i.); Qq., Ff., "ouer"); I. iv. 58.
Atomies $=$ atoms, little creatures as tiny as atoms; ((Q. I), "Atomi"; Q. 2, "ottamie") ; I. iv. 57.

ATTACH, arrest; V.iii. 173.
Attending, attentive; II. ii. 167.
Baked meats, pastry; IV. iv. 5.
Bandy, beat to and fro, hurry ; II. v. 14.

BANDYING, contending, quarrelling; lII. i. 92.

Banquet, dessert ; I. v. 24 .
Bare, lean, poor ; V. i. 68.
——, did bear ; V. ii. I3.
Bating, to flap or flutter the wings; a term in falconry; (Steevens' emendation ; Qq. 2, 3, Ff. 1, 2, 3, "bayting"); III. ii. 44.
Bear a brain, have a good memory; I. iii. 29.

Becomed, becoming ; IV. ii. 26.
Behoveful, befitting, becoming ; IV. iii. 8.

Bent, inclination, disposition; II. ii. 143.

Bepaint, paint ; II. ii. 86.
Bescreen'd, screened, hidden; II. ii. 52.

Betossed, deeply agitated; V.iii. 76. Better temper'd, of better quality; III. iii. 115.

Bill, "a kind of pike or halberdt, formerly carried by the English infantry, and afterwards the usual weapon of watchmen"; I. i. 80.
Blaze, make known; III. iii. 15 I.
Blazon, trumpet forth; II. vi. 26.
Brace, couple; V. iii. 295.
Brief, briefly; III. iii. 174 .
Broad goose; "far and wide a b.g.", prob. $=$ far and wide abroad, a goose; (some lost allusion perhaps underlies the quibble); II. iv. gr.
Broken, cracked; I. ii. 53.
Brow, face, countenance; (Collier MS. and Singer MS. "bow") III. v. 20.

BURN DAyl.ight," a proverbial expression used when candles are lighted in the day-time" (Steevens); hence, superfluous actions in general; here "waste time"; I. iv. 43.
Butt-shaft, "a kind of arrow used for shooting at butts; formed witisout a barb, so as to be easily extracted " (Nares) ; II. iv. 16.
By and by, directly; II. ii. I52.
By my fay, by my faith; (a slight oath) ; I. v. 128.
By my troth, by my truth, on my word ; II. iv. 123.
By the rood, by the cross; (a slight oath) ; I. iii. $3^{\text {bo. }}$

Caitiff, wretched, miserable; V. i. 52.

CANKER, canker-worm; II. iii. 30.
Captain of compliments, "complete master of all the laws of ceremony"; II. iv. 20.
Carry coals, endure affronts; (the carriers of coal, prob. charcoal, were the lowest menials; cp. "blackguard," originally the attendants
upon the royal household's progress); I. i. I.

Chapless, without jaws; IV. i. 83.
Charge, weight; V.ii. 18.
Cheerly, cheerily; I. v. 16.
Cheveril, the skin of the kid; II. iv. 87.

Chinks, a popular term for money; I. v. II9.

Chop-logic, sophist ; III. v. 150.
Circumstance, details; II. v. $3^{6 .}$
Civil, sober, grave ; III. ii. 10.
Close, closely, very near; III. i. 40.

Closed, enclosed; I. iv. ıro.
Closely, secretly ; V. iii. 255•
Closet, chamber; IV. ii. 33.
Cocatrice (called also basilisk); the fabulous serpent, said to kill by 2 look; III. ii. 47.
Cock-A-HOOP; "set c.-a-h.", i.e. "pick a quarrel" ; I. v. 83.
Cockerel, young cock; I. iii. 53.
Coil, ado, confusion; II. v. 6T.
Coldly, coolly, calmly ; III. i. 55 .
Come near ve, hit it; I. v. 22.
Comfortable, helpful, full of comfort; V. iii. 148.
Commission, warrant ; IV. i. 64.
Concealed, "secretly married "; III. iii. 98.

Concert, imagination ; II. vi. зo.
Concludes, ends; III. i. 190.
Conduct, conductor; V. iii. m6.
Conduit, referring to the human figures on wells which spouted water; III. V. I30.
Confounds, destroys; II. vi. 13.
Conjurations, entreaties; (Q. 2, commiration"; Q. 3, F. I, "commisseration" ; Capell, "comjuration, etc."); V. iii. 68.
Consort, used with play on the two meanings of the word; (i.) a company of musicians, (ii.) associate, keep company; III. i. 49.

Consort, consort with, keep company with; III. i. 135.
CONSORTED, associated; II. i. 3 I.
Consort'st, dost keep company; III. i. 48.

Content thee, keep your temper; I. v. 67 .

Contrary, contradict, oppose; I. v. 87.

Convoy, conveyance ; II. iv. 203.
Corse, corpse; III. ii. 128.
Cot-quean, a man who busies himself with women's business; IV. iv. 6 .
Counterfelt; "gave the c.", played a trick; II. iv. 48.
Countervail, balance ; II. vi. 4.
County, count ; I. iii. 1o6.
COURT-CUPBOARD, side-board for setting out plate; I. v. 8.
Courtship, courtliness ; III. iii. 34 .
Cousin, a term used for any kinsman or kinswoman ; I. v. 32.
Cover, book-cover; used with a quibble on the law phrase for a married woman, who is styled a femme couverte (ferne covert) in law French (Mason); I. iii. 88.
Cross, perverse ; IV. iii. 5 :
C-, thwart, hinder; V. iii. 20.
Crotchets, used with play upon both senses of the word (i.) whims, fancies; (ii.) notes in music; IV. v. 120.

Crow, crow-bar; V.ii. 2I.
CROW-KEEPER, scarecrow ; I. iv. 6.
Crush a cup, (cp. modern phrase crack a bottle); I. ii. 86.
Cunning, skill, art ; II. ii. iox.
Cures with, is cured by; I. ii. 49.
Curfew-bell, the bell ordinarily used for the ringing of the curfew at night ; IV. iv. 4.
Cynthia, the moon; III. v. 20.
Damnation; "ancient d.", "old sinner" ; III. v. $235{ }^{\circ}$
Dared, challenged; used with play
upon the two senjes of the word; II. iv. 12.

Dares, ventures; II. iv. 12.
Date, time, duration; I. iv. 108.
Date is out, time has long gone by, is out of fashion; I. iv. 3.
Dateless, without date, without limit; V. iii. II5.
Dear, true ; ((Q. I), " meere"); BII. iii. 28.
-, important ; V. ii. 19.
Death, to death ; III. i. 139.
Defence, defensive weapons; III. iii. 134.

Demesnes, landed estates; (F. io "demeans"); III. v. 182.
Deny, refuse; I. v. 2 I.
Depart, go away, part ; III. i. 56.
Depend, impend; III. i. 124.
Desperate, reckless; III. iv. 12.
Despite, defiance; V. iii. 48.
Determine of, decide; III. ii. 51.
Dew-dropping south, rainy south; (it was a common belief that all diseases and noxious vapours came from the south); I. iv. 103.
Digressing, deviating ; III. iii. 127.
DISCOVER, reveal ; III. i. I47.
Discovered, betrayed; II. ii. 106.
Dislike, displease; II. ii. 61.
Disparagement, injury, harm; l. v. 72.

Drfplant, transplant; III. iii. 59 .
Dispute, argue, reason ; (Ff. 1 , 2 , "dispaire"; Ff. 3, 4, "despair"); III. iii. 63.

Distemperature, disease; II. iii. 40.
Distemper'd, diseased ; II. iii. 33 .
Distraught, distracted ; IV. iii. 49.
Division, "wariation, modulation"; III. v. 29.

Doctrine, instruction; I. i. 244.
Doff, put off; II. ii. 47.
Doubt, fear, distrust; V. iii. 44.
Drave, did drive, urged; (Q. 2, "driue"); I. i. 127.

Drift, plan, scheme; IV.i. II4.
Dry-beat, thrash; III. i. 82 .
DUMP, a melancholy strain in music; IV. v. 108.

DUn's the mouse, keep still ; (a proverbial expression not yet explained); v. Note ; I. iv. 40.

Elf-locks, hair supposed to be matted together by the elves; (Qq. 2, 3, F. I, "Elklocks"); I. iv. 90.
Empty, hungry; V. iii. 39.
Encountar, meeting; II. vi. 29.
Endart, dart; ((Q. I), "engage"; Pope,"ingage"); I.:iii. 98.
Enforce, force; V. iii. 47.
Enpigrced, pierced through; I. iv. 19.

Entrance (trisyllabic); I. iv. 8.
Envious, malignant; III. ii. 40.
Ethiop, a native of Ethiopia; I. v. 48.
Evening mass, the practice of saying mass in the afternoon lingered on Eon some time; IV. i. 38 .
Expire, end; I. iv. Iog.
Extremes, extremities, sufferings; IV..i. 62.

Extremity; "everything in e.", i.e. at a desperate pass; I. iii. Io3.

Fain, gladly ; II. ii. 88.
Fair, fair one, beautiful woman ; Prol. II.. 3.

Fintasticoes, coxcombs; (Capell's reading (from Q. 1)); Qq. 2, 3, 4, Ef. 1, 2, "phantacies": Q. 5, Ff. 3. 4, "phantasies"; Collier MS., "phantastickes"); II. iv. 29.
Farewell compliment, away with ceremony; II. ii. 89.
Fearful, full of fear; III. iii. i.
Feeling, heartfelt; III. v. 75 -
Fee-simple, hereditary and unconditional property ; III. i. 35 .
Festering, rotting; IV. iii. 43.
Fettle, prepare; III. v. I54.

Fine, penalty; (Warburton's emendation of Qq., Ff., "sinne" and " $\sin$ ") ; I. v. 96.
First house, "first rank among duellists", or, "of the best school of fencing" ; II. iv. 25.
Fits; "it fits," it is becoming; I. v. 77.

Flecked, spotted ; [Steevens' reading (from Q. 1); Qq., "Aleckeld"; F. I, "fleckled"; Pope, "Alecker'd"; Capell, "flecker'd"]; II. iii. 3 .
Fleer, sneer; I. v. 59.
Flirt-Gills, flirting women; (Gill was a familiar name for a woman); II. iv. 162 .

Flowered, alluding probably to the shoes pinked or punched with holes; II. iv. 64 .

FOND, foolish; III. iii. 52.
Foolish, trifling ; I. v. I24.
Forbear, abstain from; III. i. 90.

Form, used with play upon both senses of the word ; II. iv. 36 .
Forsworn ; "be f.", commit perjury ; III. v. 197.

Forth, from out of ; I. i. 126.
Fortune's fool, the sport of fortune; III. i. 14 r.

Frank, liberal; II. ii. I3I.
Free-town, Villafranca; I. i. Iog.
Friend, lover; III. v. 43.
Frighted, frightened, terrified; I. iv 87.

From, away from, to avoid; III. i. 33.

FURNISH, deck; IV. ii. 35 .
Gear, matter; II. iv. ro\%:
Ghostly, spiritual ; II. ii. 189.
Give leave, leave us; a courteous form of dismissal ; I. iii. 7.
Give you, i.e. retort by calling you; IV. v. II7.

Gleek, scoff; ("give the g.", to
pass a jest upon a person; IV. v. II5.
Glooming, gloomy ; V. iii. 305.
GoD-DEN, good evening ; I. ii. 57 -
God Gl' God-den, God give you a good evening; (Qq., Ff. I, 2, 3, "Godgigoden" ; Capell, "Godgi"go' den"; Collier, "God gr' good den"; Staunton, "God ye good den") ; I. ii. 58 .

God save the mark, "originally a phrase used to avert the evil omen, $=$ saving your reverence, under your pardon; here 'God have mercy' '; III. ii. 53.

God ye good den, God give you good evening ; II. iv. Ir6.
God ye Good morrow, God give you good morning ; II. iv. 115.
Good goose, bite not, a proverbial expression, (found in Ray's "Proverbs'") ; II. iv. 82.
Goodman boy, a familiar appellation; I. v. 79.

GORE; "gore blood"=clotted blood; III. ii. 56.

Grace, virtue, potency ; II. iii. I5.
Grievance, grief, sorrow; I. i. i63.
Gyves, fetters; II. ii. 180.
Hai, a home-thrust in fencing; II. iv. 27.

Hall; "a hall, a hall," make room ; I. v .28.

HAP; "dear h.", good fortune; II. ii. 190.

Harlotry, a term of contempt for a silly wench; IV. ii. 14.
Have at thee, be warned, take care; I. i. 79 .

Haviour, behaviour ; II. ii. 99.
He, man ; V.i. 67.
Healthsome, wholesome; IV. iii. 34.

Heartless, spiritless, cowardly ; I. i. 73.
" Heart's ease," a popular tune of the time; IV. v. 102.
Heaviness, sorrow; III. iv. ir.
Heavy, sad, troubled; I. i. 143.
Hie you, hasten; II. v. 70.
High-lone, alone, without help; (Q. 2, "hylone"; Q., 3, "a lone"; other editions, "alone") ; I. iii. 36 .
Highmost, highest ; II. v. 9 .
Hilding, base wretch; III. v. 169.
Hinds, serfs, menials; I. i. 73 .
Hrs, its; II. vi. 12 ; V. iii. 203.
Hoar, hoary, mouldy; II. iv. 139.
Holidame, halidom, salvation; (used in swearing) ; I. iii. 43 .
Holp, helped; I. ii. 48.
Homely, plain, simple ; II. iii. 55.
Honey nurse, a term of endearment; II. v. $x 8$.

Hood, cover with a hood (as the hawk was hooded till let fly at the game) ; III. ii. 14.

Humorous, moist, capricious, (used quibblingly); II. i. $3^{I}$.
HUMOUR, inclination, bent ; Qq. 4,5, "humour"; Q. 2, "humor"; the rest read "honour") ; I. i. 136.
Hunts-up, " the tune played to wake and collect the hunters"; III. v. $34 \cdot$

I'll be a Candle-holder, I'll be an idle spectator; (a proverbial phrase); I. iv. 38.

Ill-divining, misgiving; III. v. 54.

InPEACH, accuse ; V. iii. 226.
In, into ; V.i. 8.
Inconstant, capricious, fickle; IV. i. 119 .

INHERIT, possess; I. ii. зо.
INDITE, (?) insist on inviting; (Q. I, Ff. 3, 4, "invite") ; II. iv. I 35 .
In HAPPY TIME, à propos, pray tell me; III. v. 112 .

IT, its; I. iii. 52.

Jack, a term of contempt for a silly fellow; III. i. 12.
Jaunce, jaunt ; II. v. 26.
Jealous, in any way suspicious; V. iii. 33.

Jealous-hood, jealousy ; IV. iv. 13.
Joint-stools, folding chairs; I. v. 7.
Joy, rejoice; II. ii. 116.
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{EEP}}$, make ; III. iv. 23.
Kindly, exactly, aptly ; II. iv. 59.
Label, a seal appended to a deed; IV. i. 57.
" Lady, Lady, lady," a phrase quoted from the old ballad of Susanna; II. iv. 151.

Lammas-eve, the day before Lammastide, i.e. July $3^{1 s t} ;$ I. iii. 17.
Lammas-tide, the ist of August; I. iii. 15.

Lantern, a turret full of windows; V. iii. 84.

Late, lately; III. i. I3I.
Lay, wager, stake ; I. iii. 12.
Learn, teach; III. ii. I2.
Learn'd me, taught myself; IV. ii. 17.

Let, hinderance; II. ii. 69.
Level, aim; III. iii. IO3.
Lieve, lief, gladly; II. iv. 215 .
Like, likely; IV. iii. $3^{6}$.
Like of, like; I. iii. 96.
LIST, choose ; I. i. 47.
LogGer-head, blockhead; IV. iv. 20.
Long ; "l. to speak", long in speaking, slow to speak ; IV. i. 66.
Long spinners' legs, long-legged spiders; I. iv. 59.
Love, i.e. Venus; II. v. 7.
$\mathrm{Mab}_{\mathrm{A}, \text { the }}$ queen of the fairies; I. iv. 53.

MADE, was doing ; V. iii. 280.
Mammet, puppet; III. v. 186.
Manage, course ; III. i. I48.

Manage, handle, use ; I. i. 76.
Mandrake, a plant, the root of which was supposed to resemble the human figure, and when torn from the earth to cause madness and even death; IV. iii. 47.

Marchpane, a kind of almond paste ; I. v. 9 .

Margent, margin; I. iii. 86.
Mark, elect; I. iii. 59.
Mark-man, marksman ; I. i. 2 I2.
Marriage (trisyllabic) ; IV. i. im.
Married, harmonious ; (the reading of Q. ..2; other editions "seucrall"); I. iii. 83 .

Mean, means, instrument ; III. iii. 45.

Measure, a stately dance; I. iv. 10.
Medicine, medicinal ; II. iii. 24.
Merchant, used contemptuously ; II. iv. 153 .

Mew'd UP, shut up; III. iv. II.
Mickle, great; II. iii. 15 .
Minion, saucy person; originally $=a$ spoilt darling, a favourite ; III. v. 152.

Minstrel; "give you the m.", i.e. call you a minstrel, glee-man, '(with a play upon "to give the gleek"); IV. v. II6.

Minute, minutes; V. iii. 257.
Misadventure, misfortune; V. i. 29.

Mistemper'n, "compounded and hardened to an ill end "; I. i. 94.
MODERN, commonplace, trite; III. ii. 120.

MOODY, peevish, angry ; III. i. I4-
Morrow, morning ; II. ii. 186.
Mouse-hunt, a woman-hunter; IV. iv. II.

Moved, exasperated ; I. i. 7.
Much upon these years, about the same age; I. iii. 7 ?.
Muffle, hide; V. iii. 21.
"My heart is full of woe", a line

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of a popular ballad of the time ; IV. v. 107.

Natural, idiot ; II. iv. 96.
Naught, bad; III. ii. 87.
Needly will, of necessity must ; III. ii. 117.

Needy, joyless; ((Q. r), "needful") ; III. v. ro6.

Neighbour-stained, stained with the blood of countrymen; [" weighbour. stained steel," instead of "neighbourstained soil" (Daniel)] ; I. i. 89.
New, just; I. i. 167 .
—, afresh, anew ; I. i. III.
Nice, trifling; III. i. 159.
None; "she will n.", i.e. she will none of it, she will have nothing to do with it ; III. v. 140.
Note, notice ; I. v. 73 .
Noted, noticed, observed; V.i. $3^{8}$
Nothing, not at all ; I. i. rig.
O, grief, lamentation; III. iii. go.
$\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$, on ; (Qq., F. I, " $r$ "; Ff. 2, 3, 4, "of"; (Q. I), "on") ; III. i. 94.
OdDS; "at o.", at variance; I. ii. 5.
O'er-perch, leap over, fly over; II. ii. 66 .

Old, accustomed, practised; III. iii. 94.

ON, of; I. iv. 72, 73, 74.
Once, only; I. iii. 6r.
Operation, effect; III. i. 8.
Orchard, garden; II. i. 5 .
Osier cage, basket made of the water willow; II. iii. 7.
Outrage, outcry; V. iii. 216.
Overwhelming, over-hanging; V. i. 39.

OwEs, owns ; II. ii. 46.
Paly, pale; IV. i. 100.
Part, side; I. i. 121.
Partisan, a kind of halbert, or pike : I. i. 80.

Parts, natural gifts, endowments ; III. iii. 2.

Passado, a thrust in fencing; II. iv. 27 ; III. i. 88.
-, a motion forwards and thrust in fencing; II. iv. 27.
$D_{\text {ASSING, surpassingly ; I. i. } 240 .}$
Past compare, past comparison; II. V. 43 .

Pastry, the room in which pies were made; IV. iv. 2.
PAY, give; I. i. 244.
Peevish, silly, childish; IV. ii. 14.
Perforce, compulsory; I. v. 9r.
Perdona-mis, people who are continually saying pardon me; (Qq. 4, 5, "pardona-mrees"; (Q. r)," pardonmees"; Q. 2, "pardons mees"; Theobald, "pardonnez-moy's"); II. iv. 35 .

Peruse, examine; V. iii. 74.
Phaethon, the son of Helios, the Sun god, who ambitiously tried to drive the chariot of his father; III. ii. 3 .

Pilcher, scabbard ; (used contemptuously); III. i. 84 .
Pin, the centre of the butt in archery; II. iv. 15.

Plantain-leaf, (supposed to be efficacious in healing wounds); I. ii. 52.

Plats, plaits, braids; I. iv. 89.
Plucks, pulls; II. ii. 181.
Poor John, a coarse kind of fish, salted and dried; called also hake; I. i. 37 .

Poperin pear, a kind of pear; II. i. 38.

Portly, well-bred; I. v. 68.
Post.: " in p.", in haste, post-haste; V. iii. 273.

Presence, presence-chamber, state room ; V. iii. 86.
Present, immediate, instant; IV. i. 61.

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Pretty fool, a term of endearment ; I. iii. $3^{1}$.

Prevails, avails; III. iii. 60.
Prick, point; II. iv. IIg.
Prick-song, music sung from notes; II. iv. 21.

Prince of cats, (used with reference to Tybalt, the name of the cat in Reynard the Fox); II. iv. 19.
Princox, pert boy, saucy boy; I. v. 88.

Procures, causes her to come; III.v. 68.

Prodigious, monstrous; I. v. 142.
Proof, experience; I. i. 176.
Properer, handsomer; II. iv. 217.
Prorogue, delay; IV. i. 48.
Prorogued, put off, delayed; II. ii. 78.

PUMP, low shoe; II. iv. 64.
Punto reverso, a back-handed stroke in fencing ; II. iv. 27.
Purge, clear from suspicion; V. iii. 226.

Purgen, cleared from smoke; (Johnson conj. "urg'd"; Collier MS., " $p u f f$ ' $d$ "); I. i. 197.

Quit, reward; II. iv. 204.
Quote, take note of; ((Q. I), "coate"; Q. 2, "cote"); I. iv. 3x.

Rapier, a small sword used in thrusting; I. v. 57.
Reason, speak, talk; III. i. 55 .
Reckoning, estimation; I. ii. 4 .
Reeky, squalid, foul; IV. i. 83.
Remedies; "both our r.", the healing of both of us; II. iii. 5 I.
Respective, regardful; III. i. 128.
Rest you merry, i.e. God rest you merry, God keep you merry; a form of salutation mostly used at parting ; I. ii. 65 .

Retorts, throws back; III. i. 169.

Ropery, roguery, tricks; (F. ,4, "Roguery"; (Q. 1), "roperipe"); II. iv. 154 .

Rosemary, a herb used at bridals and burials; IV. v. 79.
Rote; "did read by rote and could not spell," "consisted of phrases learned by heart, but knew nothing of the true characters of Love " (Schmidt) ; II. iii. 88.
Runagate, vagabond; III. v. go.
Runaways', (v. Note); III. ii. 6.
RUSh'D; "r. aside the law," "with partial eagerness eluded the law"; (Capell conj. and Long MS., "push'd"; Collier MS., "brush'd"); III. iii. 26 .

Rushes, the covering of the floors; I. iv. 36.

SACK, destroy; III. iii. 107.
Sadly, seriously; I. i. 207.
SADNESS, seriousness; I. i. 205, 208.
Scant, scarcely; I. ii. io4.
Scathe, harm; I.v. 86.
Set abroach, incited, caused; I. i. III.

Set UP MY REST, make up my mind, remain; a phrase taken from gaming; V. iii. IIo.

Shielv; "God s.", God forbid; IV. i. 41 .

Shift, change ; I. v. 2.
Shrift, confession and consequent absolution; IV. ii. 15.
Shrived, given absolution; II. iv. 194.

Simpleness, folly; ((Q. i), "wilfulness"); III. iii. 77.
Simples, medicinal herbs; V. i. 40.
Single-Soled, contemptible; II. iv. 69.

Sirrah, a term of address to an inferior; IV. ii. 2.
Sir-Reverence, a contraction of save reverence (salvâ reverentiâ); used
apologetically, when referring to something improper; I. iv. 42.
Skains-mates, (?) scapegraces (v. Note) ; II. iv. 162.
Slip, used with a play upon $\operatorname{slip}=a$ counterfeit coin; II. iv. 5 r.
Slop, large loose breeches; II. iv. 47.

Sober-suited, quietly clad; III. ii. 11.

Sо но! a sporting term ; II. iv. $\mathbf{r}_{3} 6$.
Solemnity, celebration of nuptials; IV. v. 6r.

SOME OTHER WHERE $=$ somewhere else, elsewhere ; I. i. 204.
Sometime, sometimes; I. iv. 79.
Soon - speeding, quickly acting, quickly despatching ; V. i. 60.
Sort, choose, select; IV. ii. 34-
Sorted out, found out, discovered ; III. v. iro.

Spanish blades, Spanish swords; Toledo, in Spain, was famous for the temper of its swords; I. iv. 84.
Sped, despatched, undone; III. i. 94.
Spite, vexation; II. i. 27.
-, "in s. of me," in defiance, to my mortification; I. i. 85.
Spleen, heat, impetuosity; III. i. 162.

Spoke him fair, spoke to him with gentle words ; III. i. 158.
Starveth, "looks out hungrily"; V. i. 70 .

State; "here stands all your s.", "the whole of your fortune depends on this"; III. iii. 166.
Stay, detain; V. iii. 187.
-, linger; III. iii. 148.
$\square$, wait for; II. v. 36.
Stay'd, delayed; V.iii. 251.
Steads, helps; II. iii. 54 .
Still, always; 1. i. 177.
Stint, cease; I. iii. 58.
Stoccata, a thrust in fencing; ["Alla stoccata," Knight's emendation of

Qq., F. 1, "Alla stucatho"; F'f. 2,
3. 4, "Allastucatho"; Theobald, Capell, "a la stoccata"]; IIL i. 77.
Straight, straightway; I. iii. yo4-
Strain'd, forced; II. iii. 19.
Strains, constrains, wrenches; (F. x, "streames"); IV. i. 47.
Strange, reserved, distant; II. ii. 101, 102.
ST, retiring, unfamiliar ; III. ii. 150
Stratagems, amazing deeds; III. v. 21 t.
Strucken, struck; I. i. 238.
Substantial (quadrisyllabic); II. ii. 141.

SURCEASE, cease to beat; IV. i. 97.
Swashing, dashing; (Qq. 2, 3, Ff., "washing") ; 1. i. 70.
Sweeting, a kind of sweet apple; II. iv. 83.

Sweet water, perfumed waters; V. iii. 14 .

Swounded, swooned ; III. ii. 56.
Tackled stair, rope ladder; II. iv. 201.

Take me with you, let me understand aright; III. v. 142.
Take the wall, get the better of; (used quibblingly); I. i. 15 .
Tassel-Gentle, male hawk; II. ii. 160.

TEEN, sorrow; (Ff. 2, 3, 4, "teeth"); I. iii. 13.

Temper, mix ; III. v. 98.
Tender, bid, offer; III. iv. 12.
-, hold, regard; III. i. 74.
Tetchy, fretful, peevish; I. iii. 32.
Thee, thyself; V. iii. 3 .
Therewithal, with it ; V. iii. 289.
Thorough, through; II. iv. 15 .
Thought, hoped; IV. v. 4 I.
Thou's, thou shalt ; I. iii. 9 .
Timeless, untimely; V. iii. 162.
Titan, the sun-god; II. iii. 4.
To, as to ; II. iii. 92.

To-Night, last night; I. iv. 50 iv. 2.

Towards, at hand; I. v. 124.
Tov, folly, idle fancy; IV. i. irg.
Trencher, plate; I. y. 2.
Tried, proved; IV. iii. 29.
Truckle-bed, a bed running on wheels, to be pushed under another, called a standing-bed ; II. i. 39 .
Turn thee, turn thyself round, turn; I. i. 74.

Tutor, teach ; III. i. 32.
Unattainted, sound, impartial; I. ii. 90.

UnBRUISED, unhurt ; II. iii. 37.
Uncomfortable, cheerless, joyless; IV. v. 60.

Unfurnish'd, unprovided; IV. ii. io.
UnMANN'D, untrained, (a term of falconry); III. ii. 14.
Unstuff'd, not overcharged; II. iii. 37.

Utters them, causes them to pass from one to another; V. i. 67.

Validity, value ; III. iii. 33 .
Vanish'd, issued; III. iii. Io.
VANITY, trivial pursuit, vain delight ; II. vi. 20.

Verona streets, the streets of Verona; III. i. 92.

Versal, universal ; II. iv. 219.
View, outward appearance ; I. i. 175.
Vi, sight ; I. i. 177.
Visor, mask ; I. v. 24.
Ware, aware ; I. i. I3I.
WAx; "a man of w.", as pretty as if he had been modelled in wax; I. iii. 76.
Waxes, grows; I. v. 128.
Weeds, garments ; V. i. 39.
Well Said, well done ; I. v. 88.
What, who ; I. v; ${ }^{114}$.
-, "what dares", how dare ; I. v. 57.
Who, which ; I. i. I19; I. iv. 100.
-, he who ; I. i. 137.
WIT, wisdom; I. iv. 49.
-, "sentiments"; I. i. 215.
WITH, by ; I. iv. 57:
W., through ; V. iii. 50.

Withal, with, by it; I. i. IIg.
Without, outside of; III. iii. 17.
Wot, know ; III. ii. ${ }^{139}$.
WRIT, written ; I. iii. 82.
Wrought, brought about; III. v. 145 .

Yet not, not yet; II. ii. 58 .
Yond, yonder; I. v. 130.
'Zounds, a contraction of "God's wounds" ; an oath; (Ff., "Come"); III. i. 52.

## Notes.

Prologue, omitted in Ff.
I. i. 27. 'cruel'; so Qq. 4, 5; Qq. 2, 3, Ff. read 'ciuil,' and 'sivil.'
I. i. 108. 'farther'; so Qq. 2, 4 ; Q. 5, 'further'; Q. 3, Ff. 1, 2, 3, ' Fathers'; F. 4, 'Father's.'
I. i. 127. 'drave me to walk abroad'; Pope (from Q. I), drew me from company'; Theobald, 'drew me to walk abroad.'
I. i. 134. 'Which then most sought where most might not be found'; Pope (from Q. I', 'That most are busied, when they're most alone'; Keightley, 'Which there . . . ,' etc. ; Herr conj. 'Which then most sought where many . . .'; Allen conj. 'which then most sought where nore . . .'
I. i. 159. 'sun'; Theobald's emendation of Qq. and Ff., 'same.'
I. i. 178. 'see pathways to his will'; Staunton conj. 'set pathways to our will'; Hanmer, ' . . . ill.'
I. i. 191. 'Why such is'; Seymour conj. 'Why such is, merely'; Collier MS., 'Why such, Benvolio, is'; Mommsen conj. 'Why, such, Benvolio, such is'; Keightley, 'Why, gentle cousin, such is'; Orger conj. 'Why, such a love is.'
I. i. 1g6. ' raised' ; Pope's correction (from Q. 1); Qq., Ff., made.'
I. i. 208. 'Bid a sick man in sadness make'; so (Q. I) Qq 4, 5 ; 153

Qq. 2, 3, F. 1, read ' A sicke man in sadnesse makes'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, ' A sicke man in good sadnesse makes.'
I. i. 217. 'From love's weak childish bow she lives unharm'd'; Grant White conj. ' 'Gainst . . . . encharm'd'; Qq., Ff., 'vncharmd'; Collier MS., 'encharm'd.'
I. i. 222. ' with beauty dies her store'; Theobald reads ' with hor dies Beauty's Store' ; Keightley, 'with her dies beauty store.'
I. ii. 15. 'She is the hopeful lady of my earth'; Johnson conj. 'She is the liope and stay of my full years.'
I. ii. 25. 'make dark heaven light'; Theobald reads 'make dark heaven's light'; Warburton, 'make dark even light'; Jackson conj. 'mask dark heaven's light'; Daniel conj. 'mock dark heaven's light.'
I. ii. 26. 'young men'; Johnson conj. 'yeomen.'
I. ii. 32. 'Which cn more view,' etc.; so Qq. 4, 5 ; Qq. 2, 3, Ff., 'one' for 'on'; (Q. 1), 'Suck, amongst view of many myne being one'; perhaps we should read with Mason, 'Whilst on more viezv of many, mine being one'; many readings have been proposed.
I. iii. 33. 'Shake, quoth the dove-house,' referring to the effects of the earthquake; Daniel conj. 'goeth' for 'quoth.'
I. iii. 66, 67. 'honour'; Pope's emendation (from Q. 1); Qq., Ff., 'houre' and 'hour.'
I. iv. 39. 'The game was ne'er so fair, and I am done'; "an allusion to an old proverbial saying which advises to give over when the game is at the fairest "(Ritson).
I. iv. 41. Cp. Chaucer's Manciple's Prologue :-

Ther gan our hoste for to jape and pleye, And seyde, sirs, what?

> Dun is in the myre!

A proverbial expression originally used in an old rural sport, and meaning, "we are all at a standstill!" or, "let us make an

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effort to move on " (vide Prof. Skeat's Notes to Canterbury Tales, Vol. v. p. 435-6).
I. iv. 42. 'Of this sir-reverence love'; Singer's emendation from (Q. 1); Qq. read 'Or saue you reuerence loue'; Ff. 1, 2, 3, 'Or saue your reuerence loue.'
I. iv. 45. Capell's emendation; (Q. I) reads 'We burne our lights by night, like Lampes by day'; Qq., 'We waste our lights in vaine, lights lights by day'; Ff., 'We wast our lights in vaine, lights, lights, by day.'
I. iv. 66. ' Muid'; Pope's reading (from Q. 1); Qq., F. 1,'man'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, 'woman'; Ulrici (from Collier MS.), 'milk-maid'.
I. iv. 77. 'Courtier's'; Pope (from Q. 1) reads 'lawyer's'; Theobald conj. 'taylor's.'
I. iv. 85. 'Of healths'; Thirlby conj. 'Of delves'; Keightley conj. 'Trenches'; Clark MS., 'Of hilts'.
I. iv. 91. 'Untangled'; 'which once $u_{\text {. ', the untangling of }}$ which.
I. iv. 103. 'Face'; Pope's reading (from Q. 1); Qq., Ff., 'side'; Collier MS., 'tide'.
I. v. 19. 'Will have a bout'; (Q. 1) ; 'will haue about'; Qq., Ff., 'will walke about'; Pope, 'we'll have a bout'; Daniel, 'will walke a bout.'
I. v. 47. 'It seems she'; so (Q. I) Qq., F. I; Ff., 2, 3, 4, reads 'Her beauty'; Bulloch conj. 'In streams she'; etc.
II. i. 10. 'pronounce'; Qq. 2, 3, 'prouaunt'; F. 1, 'Prouant'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, 'Couply'; Rowe, 'couple.'
II. P. 13. 'trim,' Steevens (from Q. 1) ; Qq., Ff., 'true.'
II. i. 13. 'Young Adam Cupid, he that shot so trim'; all the early editions read 'Abraham Cupid'; Theobald conjectured 'auborn'; Upton, ' $\mathcal{A} d a m$,' referring to Adam Bell, the famous archer. It
must be borne in mind, however, that ' Abram,' ' Abraham,' was a regular corrupt form of auburn, formerly often written abern, abron.
II. ii. 41-42. 'nor any other part Belonging to a man. $O$, be some other name! Malone's emendation ; Pope (from Q. 1) reads ' nor any other part'; Qq., Ff., ' 0 be some other name Belonging to a man.'
II. ii. 44. 'name,' so Pope (from Q. 1) ; Qq., Ff., ' word.'
II. ii. 6I. 'fair maid, if either thee dislike'; so Qq., Ff. ; Pope (from Q. 1) reads 'fair saint . . . displease'; Theobald, 'fair saint . . . dislike'; Grant White, 'fair maid . . . displease' ; Anon. conj. 'fair maid . . . mislike.'
II. ii. 107. 'blessed moon I swear'; so (Q. 1) Qq.; Ff. read 'moon I vow.'
II. ii. 153. 'suit'; so Q. 5 ; Q. 4, 'sate'; Qq. 2, 3, Ff., 'strife'.
II. ii. 189. 'father's cell'; Capell's reading (from Q. I); Qq. Ff. 3, 4, 'Triers close cell'; Ff. 1, 2, 'Fries close cell.'
II. iii. 1-4. Omitted in Ff. 2, 3, 4 .
II. iii. 4. 'day's path and Titan's fiery wheels'; Malone's reading (from 2. 1); Qq., F. 1, 'day's path, and Titans burning wheels'; Pope, 'day's pathway, made by Titan's wheels.'
II. iii. 23. 'small,' so Pope from (Q. 1); Qq., Ff., 'rveake.'
II. iv. 162. 'I am none of his skains-mates'; 'skains-mates' occurs nowhere else, its origin is uncertain; it is perhaps connected with skein, skein, 'as if associated in winding yarns' (or skein's $=$ gen. of skein, skean=dagger ; ' as if a brother in arms').
II. vi. 34. 'sum up sum of half my'; so Qq. 2, 3; Qq. 4, 5, 'same up some of halfe my'; Ff., 'sum up some of halle my', etc.
III. i. 118. 'kinsman,' Cavell's reading from (Q. I) ; Q. 5, other texts, 'cousin.'
III. i. 171. 'agile'; (Q. 1) Qq. 4, 5, 'agill'; Qq. 2, 3, F. 1, 'aged'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, 'able.'
III. i. 193. 'hate's'; Knight's emendation; Qq., Ff., read 'hearts'; Hanmer, 'heats' '; Johnson, 'hearts'.'
III. ii. 6. 'That runaways' cyes may wink'; an epitome of the various interpretations of these words filling no less than twentyeight pages of Furness' variorum edition ; the Quartos and Folios do not mark the possessive, and scholars are divided on the subject of the singular or plural possessive. The Cambridge editors evidently make 'runaways'= runagates, night-prowlers. The present editor cannot bring himself to believe that Shakespeare intended this reading, and would fain substitute 'Runaway's' in the sense of 'Day's'; 'Runaway' may have belonged to the playful phraseology of Elizabethan girls, and savours of the expressive language of children's rhymes.
III. ii. 66. 'dear-loved'; Pope's reading (from Q. I) ; Qq., Ff., read 'dearest.'
III. ii. 76. 'Dove-feather'd raven'; Theobald's emendation of Qq. 2, 3, F. 1, 'Rauenous douefeatherd Rauen'; Qq. 4, 5, Ff. 2, 3, 4, 'Rauenous doue, feathred Rauen.'
III. ii. 79. 'damned saint' ; so Qq. 4, 5, Ff. 2, 3, 4; Qq. 2, 3, ' dimme saint' ; F. I, 'dimne saint.'
III. iii. 52. 'Thou fond mad man, hear me but speak a word'; Malone's emendation (from Q. 1); Qq. 2, 3, 'Then fond mad man, heare me a little speake'; Qq. 4, 5, 'Thou fond mad man, heare me a little speake'; F. I, 'Then fond mad man, heare me speake'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, ' Fond mad man, heare me speake.'
III. v. 31. According to Warburton there is a popular saying to this effect, due to the fact that the toad has very fine eyes and the lark very ugly ones.
III. v. 55. 'belozv'; Pope's reading from (Q. 1) ; Qq.; Ff., 'sa bowe.'
III. v. 152. Omitted in Ff.
III. v. 166. ' ${ }^{\text {lent }}$ '; Pope (from Q. I) reads 'sent'; Cowden Clarke conj. ' left.'
III. v. 177-179. So Q. 2 and the other Qq.; Q. I reads:-
"Gods blessed mother wife it mads me,
Day, night, carly, late, at home, abroad, Alone, in company, waking or sleeping, Still my care hath been to see her matcht."
Many attempts have been made to smooth the lines, but perhaps they express Capulet's excitement.
III. v. 182. 'train'd'; Capell's reading (from Q. 1) ; Qq. 3, 4, 5, Ff., 'allied'; Q. 2, 'liand' ; etc.
IV. i. 3. 'nothing slow to slack his haste'; Collier conj. 'something slow,' etc.; Q. I, 'nothing slack to slow his haste'; Johnson conj. ' nothing slow to back his haste.'
IV. i. 16. Omitted in Qq., Ff.
IV. i. 45. 'cure,' so (Q. 1) Q. 5 ; Qq. 2, 3, 4, Ff., 'care.'
IV. i. I15-116. 'and he and I Will watch thy waking'; the reading of Qq. 3, 4, 5; omitted in Ff.
IV. v. 107-108. ' 0 play me some merry dump, to comfort me'; the reading of Qq. ; omitted in Ff.
IV. v. 128-130. These lines are from Richard Edwards' Paradise of Dainty Devises, 1576 .
V. i. I. 'flattering truth'; so Qq., Ff.; Malone following (Q. I) reads 'flattering eye'; Collier MS., 'flattering death' ; Grant White, 'flattering sooth'; etc.
V. i. 24. ' I defy you'; Pope's reading ; (Q. 1), ' I defoe mys Qq. 2, 3, 4, F. 1, 'I dene you'; Ff. 2, 3, 4, Q. 5, 'I deny you.'
V. i. 27. 'I do beseech you, sir, have patience'; Pope (from Q. 158

1) reads ' Pardon me sir, I dare not leave you thus'; Steevens (1793) reads ' Pardon me, sir, I will not leave you thus.'
V. iii. 122. 'Stumbled at graves,' etc. :-
"For many men that stumble at the threshold Are well foretold that danger lurks zuithin"; 3 Henry VI., IV. vii. II, 12.
V. iii. 169. 'rust'; so Qq., Ff.; Hazlitt (from Q. I) reads 'rest.'
V. iii. 205. ' $i t$,' i.e. the dagger ; so Q. 2 ; the rest read ' is.'
_- 'mis-sheathed' ; the reading of F. 4; Ff. 1, 2, 3, Q. 5, ' misheathed'; Q. 2, 'missheathd'; Qq. 3, 4, 'missheath'd'; Jackson conj. ' mi-sheath'd.'
V. iii. 211. After this line (Q. I) reads'and young Benvolio is deceased too.'




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